

StorTools™ 4.2 Reference Manual

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Contents

1.

2.

Typographic Conventions xviii

Installing the StorTools Software 13

To Verify the StorTools Installation 14

Introduction 1

Sun StorEdge StorTools Overview 1

System Requirements 4

Hardware 4

Software 4

StorTools Test Operation 5

32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests 5

StorTools Test Modes 6

Selecting a StorTools User Interface 7

Running StorTools Tests From a GUI Window 7

Test Parameter Options Dialog Box 7

Running StorTools Tests From the Command Line 9

Standard Command-Line Arguments 10

Test-Specific Command-Line Argument 11

Installation and Configuration 13

- **▼** To Remove the StorTools Package 15
- **▼** To Set Up Fibre Channel Switches 15
- **▼** To Start the StorTools Software 15

Differences Between Standard SunVTS Tests 17 Storage Devices in Physical View Window 17

- ▼ To Recognize New Devices 17
- **▼** To Set the Environment Path Variables 18
- **▼** To Remove the StorTools Package 18
- 3. Sun StorEdge PCI FC-100 Host Adapter Test (ifptest) 19

ifptest Subtests 19
ifptest Test Options 20
ifptest Test Modes 22

ifptest Command-Line Syntax 23

4. Sun StorEdge SBus FC-100 Host Adapter Board Test (socaltest) 25

Sun StorEdge A5x00 Array Enclosure Test (a5ksestest) 39

socaltest Test Options 25
socaltest Test Modes 28
socaltest Command-Line Syntax 29

5. Sun StorEdge PCI Dual Fibre Channel Host Adapter Board Test (qlctest) 31

qlctest Subtests 32

▼ To Create a Loopback Cable 32

qlctest Options 33 qlctest Test Modes 36

qlctest Command-Line Syntax 37

a5ksestest Subtests 39
a5ksestest Test Options 44

6.

	a5ksestest Test Modes 44	
	a5ksestest Command-Line Syntax 45	
7.	Sun StorEdge A5x00 Array Test (a5ktest) 47	
	a5ktest Test Options 47	
	a5ktest Test Modes 51	
	a5ktest Command-Line Syntax 52	
8.	Sun StorEdge T3 Array Test (t3test) 55	
	t3test Test Options 55	
	Monitoring Sun StorEdge T3 Array Messages 60	
	▼ To Set Up the Host 60	
	▼ To Set Up the Sun StorEdge T3 Array 61	
	t3test Test Modes 63	
	t3test Command-Line Syntax 63	
9.	Sun StorEdge A3500FC Array Test (a3500fctest) 65	
	a3500fctest Test Options 65	
	a3500fctest Test Modes 70	
	a3500fctest Command-Line Syntax 70	
10.	Sun Fire 880 FC-AL Disk Test (daktest) 73	
	daktest Test Options 73	
	daktest Test Modes 78	
	daktest Command-Line Syntax 78	
11.	Sun StorEdge Internal Fibre Channel Disk Test (fcdisktest)	81
	fcdisktest Test Options 81	
	fcdisktest Test Modes 86	
	fcdisktest Command-Line Syntax 86	

12. Sun StorEdge Fibre Channel Tape Test (fctapetest) 89

fctapetest Test Requirements 89

fctapetest Test Options 90

fctapetest Test Modes 93

fctapetest Command-Line Syntax 93

13. Sun StorEdge Network FC Switch-8 and Switch-16 Test (switchtest) 95

switchtest Test Options 95

Fibre Channel Device Names 98

switchtest Test Modes 99

switchtest Command-Line Syntax 100

14. StorTools Expert (stexpert) 101

Overview 101

stexpert Command-Line Syntax 105

StorTools Expert Output 108

15. Sun Fire 880 FC-AL Disk SES Test (daksestest) 115

daksestest Options 115

daksestest Test Modes 117

daksestest Command-Line Syntax 118

16. snaphot Utility 119

Overview of the snapshot Utility 119

▼ To View the snapshot Message 120

Detecting Configuration Changes 120

snapshot Output 122

17. Changes from Previous Releases 129

Network Storage Agent 130

Network Storage Agent Log Monitoring 130

Accessing Sun StorEdge PatchPro 130

Glossary 131

Figures

FIGURE 1-1	Logical View of the StorTools Diagnostic GUI 2
FIGURE 1-2	Physical View of the StorTools GUI 3
FIGURE 1-3	Test Parameter Options Dialog Box (CDE) 8
FIGURE 2-1	StorTools Physical View 16
FIGURE 3-1	ifptest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box 21
FIGURE 4-1	socaltest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box 26
FIGURE 5-1	Creating a Loopback Cable 33
FIGURE 5-2	qlctest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box 34
FIGURE 6-1	a5ksestest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box 41
FIGURE 7-1	a5ktest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box 48
FIGURE 8-1	t3test Test Parameter Options Dialog Box 56
FIGURE 9-1	a3500fctest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box 66
FIGURE 10-1	daktest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box 74
FIGURE 11-1	fcdisktest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box 82
FIGURE 12-1	fctapetest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box (Fibre Channel Tape Drive) 91
FIGURE 13-1	switchtest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box 97
FIGURE 14-1	stexpert Running a Test on a Sun StorEdge A5x00 Array 104
FIGURE 14-2	stexpert Test Execution Options 105
FIGURE 14-3	Example stexpert.log File Viewed Through the StorTools GUI 111

FIGURE 15-1 daksestest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box 116

FIGURE 16-1 StorTools Snapshot Log Files Window 121

FIGURE 16-2 StorTools Snapshot Diffs Window 122

Tables

TABLE 1-1	StorTools Test Modes 6
TABLE 1-2	StorTools User Interface Differences 7
TABLE 1-3	Test Parameter Options Dialog Box Sections 9
TABLE 1-4	Standard Command-Line Arguments 10
TABLE 1-5	Test-Specific Arguments 11
TABLE 3-1	ifptest Options 22
TABLE 3-2	ifptest Test Modes 22
TABLE 3-3	ifptest Command-Line Syntax 23
TABLE 4-1	socaltest Options 27
TABLE 4-2	socaltest Test Modes 28
TABLE 4-3	socaltest Command-Line Syntax 29
TABLE 5-1	qlctest Options 35
TABLE 5-2	qlctest Test Modes 36
TABLE 5-3	qlctest Command-Line Syntax 37
TABLE 6-1	a5ksestest Coverage 42
TABLE 6-2	Element Enclosure Status 43
TABLE 6-3	a5ksestest Test Modes 44
TABLE 6-4	a5ksestest Command-Line Syntax 45
TABLE 7-1	a5ktest Options 49

- TABLE 7-2 a5ktest Subtests 50
- TABLE 7-3 a5ktest Test Modes 51
- TABLE 7-4 a5ktest Command-Line Syntax 52
- TABLE 8-1 t3test Configurations and Options 57
- TABLE 8-2 t3test Subtests 59
- TABLE 8-3 t3test Test Modes 63
- TABLE 8-4 t3test Command-Line Syntax 64
- TABLE 9-1 a3500fctest Configurations and Options 67
- TABLE 9-2 a3500fctest Subtests 69
- TABLE 9-3 a3500fctest Test Modes 70
- TABLE 9-4 a 3500 fctest Command-Line Syntax 71
- TABLE 10-1 daktest Options 75
- TABLE 10-2 daktest Subtests 77
- TABLE 10-3 daktest Test Modes 78
- TABLE 10-4 daktest Command-Line Syntax 79
- TABLE 11-1 fcdisktest Options 83
- TABLE 11-2 fcdisktest Subtests 85
- TABLE 11-3 fcdisktest Test Modes 86
- TABLE 11-4 fcdisktest Command-Line Syntax 87
- TABLE 12-1 fctapetest Options 92
- TABLE 12-2 fctapetest Test Modes 93
- TABLE 12-3 fctapetest Command-Line Syntax 94
- TABLE 13-1 Fibre Channel Device Name Abbreviations 98
- TABLE 13-2 Example Use of Fibre Channel Names 99
- TABLE 13-3 switchtest Test Modes 99
- TABLE 13-4 Standard Command-Line Arguments 100
- TABLE 14-1 stexpert Command-Line Syntax 108
- TABLE 14-2 Message Types 109

TABLE 15-1 daksestest Test Options 117

TABLE 15-2 daksestest Test Modes 117

TABLE 15-3 daksestest Command-Line Syntax 118

Preface

The *StorTools 4.2 Reference Manual* describes the StorTools[™] 4.2 diagnostic package, which provides diagnostics for the following Sun[™] products:

- Sun StorEdgeTM A5x00 array
- Sun Fire™ 880 workgroup server
- Sun StorEdge A3500FC disk tray
- Sun StorEdge T3 array
- Internal Fibre Channel disk
- Sun StorEdge Network FC Switch-8 and Switch-16

This document describes the Sun StorEdge StorTools graphical user interface (GUI) and command-line utilities and provides procedures for using the tools.

This guide is written for system administrators and support personnel who are already familiar with Sun's disk array products.

How This Book Is Organized

This book contains the following topics:

Chapter 1 provides an overview of the StorTools diagnostic package and identifies the tasks you can perform using the tools in the package.

Chapter 2 explains how to install and configure the StorTools software.

Chapter 3 discusses the uses of the ifptest(1M) to test the functionality of the Sun StorEdge PCI FC-100 Host Adapter card.

Chapter 4 details instructions for using the socaltest(1M) to validate and perform fault isolation on the Sun StorEdge SBus FC-100 Host Adapter card.

Chapter 5 gives information about using the qlctest(1M) to test the functions of the Sun StorEdge PCI Dual Fibre Channel Host Adapter board.

Chapter 6 provides instructions for using the a5ksestest(1M) to provide configuration verification, fault isolation, and repair validation of Sun StorEdge A5x00 array.

Chapter 7 describes how to use the a5ktest(1M) to verify the functionality of Sun StorEdge A5x00 array.

Chapter 8 provides details about using the t3test(1M) to verify the functionality of the Sun StorEdge T3 array.

Chapter 9 details how to use the a3500fctest(1M) to verify the functionality of Sun STorEdge A3500 array using the two subtests provided.

Chapter 10 provides instructions for using the daktest(1M) to verify the functionality of the internal Fibre Channel disk.

Chapter 11 shows how to use the fcdisktest(1M) to locate problems with the internal Fibre Channel disks.

Chapter 12 provides details about using the fctapetest(1M) to test the Fibre Channel tape drive.

Chapter 13 describes the use of the switchtest(1M) to diagnose the Sun StorEdge network FC switch-8 and switch-16 switches.

Chapter 14 details the use of stexpert(1M), a program that isolates failing Fibre Channel Arbitrated Loops (FC-ALs) and field-replaceable units (FRUs).

Chapter 15 gives instructions for using the daksestest(1M), which verifies the operation of the embedded SES contyroller and disk enclosure system of the Sun Fire 880 workgroup server.

Chapter 16 explains how to create a system snapshot(1M).

Chapter 17 discusses the differences between versions 3.*x* and 4.2 of the StorTools software.

Using UNIX Commands

This document may not contain information on basic UNIX® commands and procedures such as shutting down the system, booting the system, and configuring devices.

See one or more of the following for this information:

- Solaris Handbook for Sun Peripherals
- AnswerBook2TM online documentation for the SolarisTM operating environment
- Other software documentation that you received with your system

Typographic Conventions

Typeface	Meaning	Examples
AaBbCc123	The names of commands, files, and directories; on-screen computer output	Edit your.login file. Use ls -a to list all files. % You have mail.
AaBbCc123	What you type, when contrasted with on-screen computer output	% su Password:
AaBbCc123	Book titles, new words or terms, words to be emphasized	Read Chapter 6 in the <i>User's Guide</i> . These are called <i>class</i> options. You <i>must</i> be superuser to do this.
	Command-line variable; replace with a real name or value	To delete a file, type rm filename.

Shell Prompts

Shell	Prompt
C shell	machine_name%
C shell superuser	machine_name#
Bourne shell and Korn shell	\$
Bourne shell and Korn shell superuser	#

Related Documentation

Product	Title	Part Number
Late-breaking StorTools news	StorTools 4.2 Release Notes	816-2687-10
Sun StorEdge T3 array	Sun StorEdge T3 and T3+ Array Start Here	816-0772-10
	 Sun StorEdge T3 and T3+ Installation, Operation, and Service 	816-0773-10
	 Sun StorEdge T3 and T3+ Array Administrator's Guide 	816-0776-10
	Sun StorEdge T3 and T3+ Array Configuration Guide	816-0777-10
	Sun StorEdge T3 and T3+ Array Site Preparation Guide	816-0778-10
	 Sun StorEdge T3 and T3+ Field Service Manual 	816-0779-10
	Sun StorEdge T3 and T3+ Array Release Note	816-0781-12
Sun StorEdge PCI FC-100 host adapter	Sun StorEdge PCI FC-100 Host Adapter Installation Manual	805-3682-10
Sun StorEdge SBus FC-100 host adapter	 Sun StorEdge SBus FC-100 Host Adapter Installation and Service Manual 	802-7572-11
Sun StorEdge PCI Dual Fibre	Sun StorEdge PCI Dual Fibre Channel Host	806-5857-10
Channel	Adapter Product Notes	
	 Sun StorEdge PCI Dual Fibre Channel Host Adapter Installation Guide 	806-5600-10
Sun StorEdge A5x00 array	• Sun StorEdge A5x00 User's Guide	806-1946-10
	 Sun StorEdge A5x00 Release Notes 	806-1947-10
	Sun StorEdge A5000 Product Note	805-1018-13
	 Sun StorEdge A5000 Configuration Guide 	805-0264-15
	 Sun StorEdge A5000 Installation and Documentation Guide 	805-1903-15
Sun StorEdge A3500/	• Sun StorEdge A3500/A3500FC Configuration Guide	805-4981-13
A3500FC disk tray	 Sun StorEdge A3500/A3500FC Controller Module Guide 	805-4980-11
	 Sun StorEdge A3500/A3500FC Task Map 	805-4982-11
SunVTS™	• SunVTS 4.1 User's Guide	806-4985-10
	SunVTS 4.1 Test Reference Manual	806-4986-10
Sun Network Storage Agent	Sun Network Storage Agent 2.1 User's Guide	816-0769-11
	 Sun Network Storage Agent 2.1 Release Notes 	806-7520-11
Sun StorEdge network FC switch-8 and switch-16	• Sun StorEdge network FC switch-8 and switch-16 Installation and Configuration Guide	806-6922-10
	 Sun StorEdge network FC switch-8 and switch-16 Field Troubleshooting Guide 	816-0252-10
RAID Manager 6.22	• RAID Manager 6.22 User's Guide	806-0478-10
	RAID Manager 6.22 Release Notes	806-3721-10

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Introduction

This chapter provides an overview of the StorTools 4.2 diagnostic software. This product is designed for offline use only, which means user applications should not be in production use while running these tests.

This chapter is organized as follows:

- "Sun StorEdge StorTools Overview" on page 1
- "System Requirements" on page 4
- "StorTools Test Operation" on page 5
- "StorTools Test Modes" on page 6
- "Selecting a StorTools User Interface" on page 7

Sun StorEdge StorTools Overview

This book covers the individual test options and requirements for StorTools 4.2 software. Because the StorTools software is based on the SunVTSTM framework, you can refer to the *SunVTS 4.1 User's Guide* for overall test configuration information.

Important information to keep in mind about StorTools 4.2 includes the following.

- SunVTS is a comprehensive diagnostic package that tests and validates Sun hardware by verifying the connectivity and functionality of most hardware controllers, devices, and platforms.
- The StorTools Expert program (stexpert(1M)), which is part of StorTools 4.2, uses rule-based methods to intelligently isolate failing Sun StorEdge components.
- The Sun Network Storage Agent 2.1 package (SUNWrasag) should be installed when using the StorTools software to enable remote monitoring and online fault detection.

- When an error occurs in testing, the test message window displays the error number, the error description, the probable cause of the error, and the recommended actions.
- The default installation directory for StorTools software is /opt/SUNWvtsst.

FIGURE 1-1 shows a logical view of the StorTools system tests.

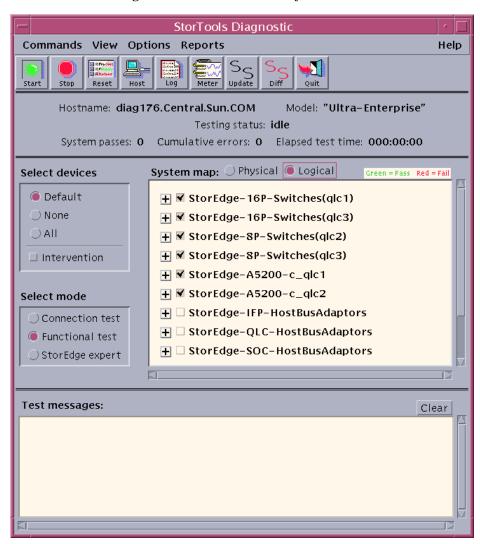


FIGURE 1-1 Logical View of the StorTools Diagnostic GUI

FIGURE 1-2 shows a physical view of the StorTools GUI.

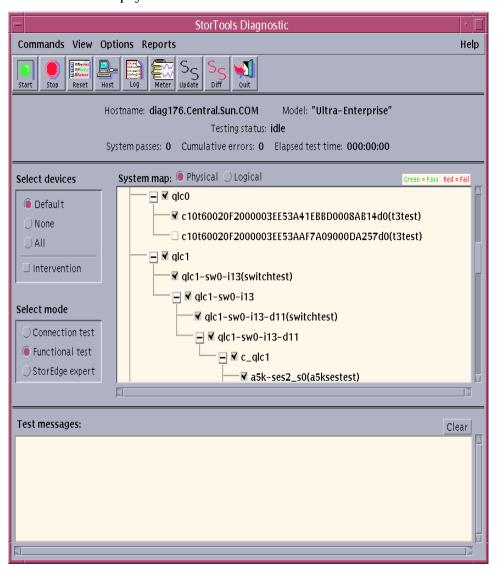


FIGURE 1-2 Physical View of the StorTools GUI

System Requirements

The system software and hardware requirements are given in the following subsections.

Hardware

The StorTools software provides diagnostics for the following Sun sysems:

- Sun StorEdge T3 array
- Sun Fire 880
- Sun StorEdge PCI FC-100 host adapter
- Sun StorEdge SBus FC-100 host adapter
- Sun StorEdge PCI Dual Fibre Channel
- Sun StorEdge A5x00 array
- Sun StorEdge A3500/A3500FC disk tray
- Sun StorEdge network FC switch-8 and switch-16

Software

Verify that an operating environment that supports the StorTools software is installed on your system. The first release that supports the StorTools 4.2 software is the Solaris 8 10/00 operating environment.

The operating system kernel must be configured to support all peripherals that are to be tested.

You may have to perform special tasks in order to run some StorTools tests. These tasks include making loopback connections, installing test media, or checking for available disk space. The special requirements for each test are listed in the chapter for that test.

StorTools Test Operation

Many individual tests comprise the collection of tests in the StorTools application. Each test is a separate process from the StorTools kernel. Each test can be run individually from the command line or from the StorTools graphical user interface.

When you start the StorTools software, the StorTools kernel automatically probes the system kernel to determine which hardware devices are connected to the system. The StorTools daemon (stdiscover) stores the device information, and the devices are displayed on the StorTools control panel with the appropriate tests and test options.

During testing, the hardware tests send the test status and messages to the StorTools kernel. The kernel passes the status to the user interface and logs the messages.

The StorTools application has a shared object library that contains test-specific probing routines. At runtime, the StorTools kernel dynamically links in and calls these probing routines to initialize its data structure with test-specific information. This enables you to select new tests to run in the StorTools environment without having to recompile the StorTools source code.

32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests

The StorTools kernel and most tests support both 32-bit and 64-bit operating environments. When you start the StorTools GUI diagnostics using the stortools(1M) command, the appropriate tests (32-bit or 64-bit) are invoked.

Because each test is a separate program, you can run individual tests directly from the command line. However, ensure that you run the appropriate test (32-bit or 64-bit) that corresponds to the operating system that is running. You can do this by running tests from the following specific directories.

- 32-bit tests—/opt/SUNWvtsst/bin/testname
- 64-bit tests—/opt/SUNWvtsst/bin/sparcv9/testname
 - If testname is a binary file, this test is an actual 64-bit binary test.
 - If testname is a symbolic link, this test is a 32-bit test capable of running in the 64-bit environment.

If you use the stortools command to run the StorTools diagnostics, the program automatically allocates 32-bit or 64-bit tests based on the 32-bit or 64-bit Solaris operating environment that is running. Therefore you only need to distinguish between the 32-bit or 64-bit operation when running the StorTools tests from the command line.

If you are not sure which operating system is running, refer to the *Solaris 8 System Administration* manual, which are available online at http://docs.sun.com. In the Solaris 8 operating environment, you can use the isainfo(1) command to identify the application support of your system. The -b option specifies the number of bits in the address space of the native instruction set. For example:

```
% isainfo -b
64
%
```

StorTools Test Modes

A StorTools test session runs in one of three test modes:

- Connection test mode
- Functional test mode
- Sun StorEdge Expert test mode

TABLE 1-1 describes how test modes differ in these states. All system resources must be available for the test sessions.

TABLE 1-1 StorTools Test Modes

Test Mode	Description
Connection	Performs a low-stress, quick test to verify the availability and connectivity of the tested device. This mode is nonintrusive in offline and online states.
Functional	Performs robust testing that uses whatever system resources are required for thorough offline testing. All test options are modifiable for optimum test configurations.
Expert	The Expert mode is an offline FRU isolation test. The Expert mode may take Sun StorEdge storage components offline.

When you select the Expert test mode, the stexpert(1M) command runs on the selected storage devices. See Chapter 14 and the stexpert(1M) man page for additional information.

Selecting a StorTools User Interface

You can run the StorTools tests either from the Common Desktop Environment (CDE) graphical user interface (GUI) or from the command line. When running the Sun StorEdge StorTools tests individually from the command line refer to "Running StorTools Tests From the Command Line" on page 9. TABLE 1-2 describes the basic differences between the StorTools user interfaces.

TABLE 1-2 StorTools User Interface Differences

StorTools User Interfaces	Description
GUI Window	You can select tests and test options by pointing and clicking with a mouse button in a GUI window.
Command-line	You run each test individually from a Shell Tool command line. Each test description in this book contains the corresponding command-line syntax.

Running StorTools Tests From a GUI Window

If you run the StorTools test from the GUI window, you can easily access test configuration, control, and results using the buttons in the dialog boxes. The instructions for using most of the GUI controls are detailed in the *SunVTS 4.1 User's Guide*.

The test parameter options, however, are unique for each test and are illustrated in the individual chapters with each test in this manual.

Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

The options displayed in this dialog box differ for each test, but the buttons at the bottom of the window are generic and are described below.

To display the individual test parameters from the dialog box shown in FIGURE 1-3, you must expand the branch and click the right mouse button.

Device (testname) appears in window title

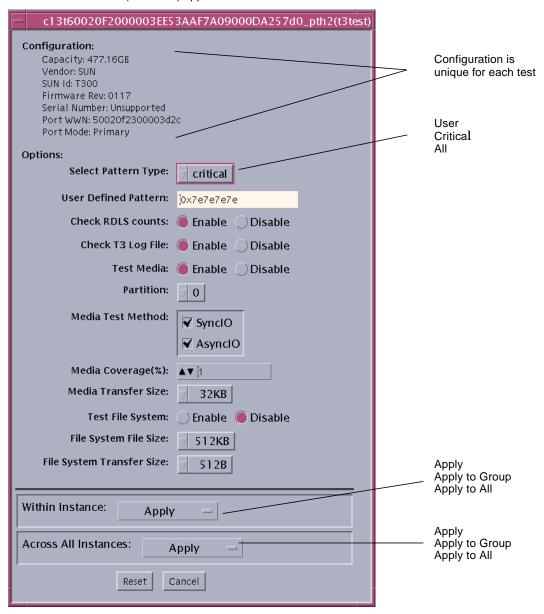


FIGURE 1-3 Test Parameter Options Dialog Box (CDE)

TABLE 1-3 describes the Test Parameters Options dialog box.

TABLE 1-3 Test Parameter Options Dialog Box Sections

Item	Description
Configuration	Displays information such as the device type, capacity, revision, and serial numbers for the selected device. This information cannot be changed in this window.
Options	These are the test options you use to customize the testing of the selected device, group, or all devices. The options are specific for each test and are covered in the test specific-chapters in this manual.
Within Instance	 Choose how to apply the settings: Apply - Applies settings to this device only. Apply to Group - Applies settings to all devices within this group. Apply to All - Applies settings to all devices of the same device type for all controllers. The option settings are applied to only one instance of the test.
Across All Instances	 Choose how to apply the settings globally: Apply - Applies settings to this device only. Apply to Group - Applies settings to all devices within this group. Apply to All - Applies settings to all devices of the same device type for all controllers. The option settings are applied to all instances of the test.
Reset	Returns the option values to their default settings and closes the Test Parameter Option dialog box.
Cancel	Ignores any changes made to option values and closes the Test Parameter Option dialog box.

Running StorTools Tests From the Command Line

In some cases it is more convenient to run a single Sun StorEdge StorTools test from the command line rather than through a StorTools user interface.

Unless specified, the test runs without the Sun StorEdge StorTools kernel (vtsk). All events and errors are sent to the screen. The errors are not logged in the log files; however, you can direct the kernel to log information to the error logs in /var/opt/SUNWvtsst/logs.

When running a test in this way, you must specify all test options in the form of command-line arguments. There are two types of command-line arguments:

■ **Standard arguments** are common to all tests. Refer to TABLE 1-4 for details.

■ **Test specific arguments** are unique to a specific test. Refer to the test-specific chapters in this book for details.

The standard syntax for all StorTools tests is as follows:

% testname [-scruvdtelnf] [-i number] [-w number][-o test-specific-arguments]

Note — 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvtsst/bin/sparcv9/*testname*. For more information, refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 5.

Standard Command-Line Arguments

TABLE 1-4 describes the standard StorTools command-line arguments.

TABLE 1-4 Standard Command-Line Arguments

Argument	Description
-s	Runs the test as though it were invoked from the StorTools kernel (vtsk). The default is to send the output to stdout or stderr.
-c	Creates a core image of the test process in the current working directory upon receipt of certain signals, otherwise those signals are caught and handled to prevent a core from being generated. The default is to disable the creation of a core image.
-r	Enables run-on error so that when an error occurs, the test continues with the next test sequence instead of exiting. The default is False.
-u	Displays command-line usage information.
-v	Runs the test in verbose mode and displays messages with more detailed information about the testing process. The default is False.
-d	Runs the test in debug mode and displays messages to help programmers debug their test code. The default is False.
-t	Runs the test in trace mode and displays messages that track function calls and sequences currently in use by the test code. The default is False.
-e	Runs the test in stress mode by increasing the system load. The default is False.
-1	Runs the test in Online Functional mode. This is the same mode that tests run in when executed with the vtsui.online command. It is a nonintrusive version that does not significantly affect other applications. The default is True.

TABLE 1-4 Standard Command-Line Arguments (Continued)

Argument	Description
-n	Runs the test in connection test mode. The default is False.
-f	Runs the test in full Functional test mode. This mode assumes that the test has complete control of the device under test. The default is False.
−i number	Defines the number of instances for scalable tests. The default <i>number</i> is one.
-w number	For scalable tests, defines to which instance the test is assigned. The default <i>number</i> is zero.
-x	Runs the Sun StorEdge Expert against the target device to diagnose the targeted FRU and all the FRUs in the targeted device's data path.
-0	Indicate that the options and arguments that follow are test-specific.

Note – If you choose to specify a test mode with the -1, -n, -x, or -f option, specify only one option at a time, because only one test mode can be selected at a time.

Test-Specific Command-Line Argument

TABLE 1-5 describes the test-specific argument. Test-specific arguments follow the format specified in the getsubopt(3C) man page. For information about test-specific arguments refer to the specific test chapter in this book.

Note — Separate each test-specific argument by commas, with no space after each comma.

TABLE 1-5 Test-Specific Arguments

Argument Description	
-0	Separate each test-specific argument by commas, with no space after each comma. For example: #./a5ktest -v -o dev=c3t3d1s2-f6,partition=2
	The test option format is specified by the man page getsubopt.

Installation and Configuration

This chapter presents detailed instructions for installing and configuring the Sun StorEdge StorTools software on your system.

This chapter is organized as follows:

■ "Installing the StorTools Software" on page 13

Installing the StorTools Software

This section contains a sample installation of the StorTools software using the pkgadd(1M) command.

Note – For a complete listing of the media contents refer to the StorTools 4.2 Release Notes.

1. Type the following to begin the installation.

```
# pkgadd -d .
```

You will be prompted for responses as the installation progresses.

2. When you are prompted to select the package you want to process, type 1.

```
Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]: 1
```

3. Type "y" when prompted to continue the installation of <SUNWvtssst>.

```
Do you want to continue with the installation of <SUNWvtsst> [y,n,?] \boldsymbol{y}
```

4. When installation is complete, type "q" to exit the pkgadd program.

```
The following packages are available:

1 SUNWvtsst StorTools Diagnostic Package Prototype
(sparc) 4.2

Select package(s) you wish to process (or 'all' to process all packages). (default: all) [?,??,q]: q

#
```

▼ To Verify the StorTools Installation

• Use the pkginfo(1M) command to verify the installation.

```
# pkginfo -l SUNWvtsst
  PKGINST: SUNWvtsst
     NAME: StorTools Diagnostic Package Prototype
 CATEGORY: Diagnostics
     ARCH: sparc
  VERSION: 4.2
  BASEDIR: /opt
   VENDOR: Sun Microsystems Computer Corporation
   PSTAMP: Built by buildst@diag240.Central.Sun.COM on 09/19/01 15:39:30
  INSTDATE: Sep 19 2001 15:07
   STATUS: completely installed
    FILES:
             364 installed pathnames
                8 shared pathnames
               24 directories
              254 executables
           145577 blocks used (approx)
#
```

▼ To Remove the StorTools Package

• To remove the StorTools package, use the pkgrm(1M) command. For instance:

```
# pkgrm SUNWvtsst
```

▼ To Set Up Fibre Channel Switches

When you install the StorTools software, a sample switch configuration file /etc/fcswitch.conf is created (unless one already exists in which case the existing file is left unchanged).

In the following example switch configuration , the pound sign character (#) indicates a commented line. To IP address shown in the file are for example purposes only. Make sure that the IP addresses you enter do not have a pound sign character in front of them.

To configure the file for your configuration, remove the pound sign character and enter the IP address and name for each locally installed switch.

Note – If you do put in the IP address of the remote switch, pseudo switches may show up in the GUI.

Below is the sample /etc/fcswitch.conf file placed in the /etc directory:

```
# Sample configuration file for switches
# Enter switch IP address and name
# Note: The name is optional
#
# 192.9.200.0 example_switch1
# 192.9.201.0 example_switch2
```

For additional information, refer to the Sun StorEdge network FC switch-8 and switch-16 documentation, which is listed in the Preface of this manual.

▼ To Start the StorTools Software

You can run the StorTools software from the local system or from a remote system. If you are running from a remote system, you must export your display. The StorTools GUI is a standard Motif X-Windows CDE environment application.

• To start the StorTools GUI, type:

```
# cd /opt/SUNWvtsst/bin
# ./stortools
```

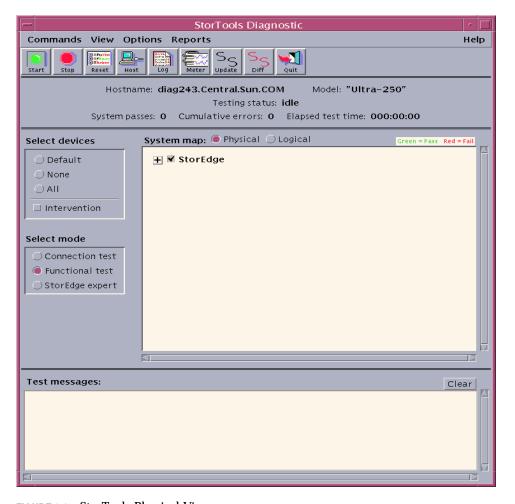


FIGURE 2-1 StorTools Physical View

The following options can be specified when you run stortools.

- -N No snapshot compare is perfored at startup. This can speed up startup.
- -M Do not look for file system mount points during disk tests. If this option is specified, you cannot perform file system disk tests, but you can run raw disk

tests. This option can be used when you suspect there are link problems. When there are link problems, getting the mount information for a drive can take a while and causes a long delay in the bring up of StorTools. When this option is specified, StorTools starts faster.

-F - Combination of both -N and -M options.

Differences Between Standard SunVTS Tests

The StorTools test environment GUI is different from the SunVTS GUI in the following ways:

- The new Select mode StorEdge expert radio button appears on the left side of the window. Refer to "StorTools Expert (stexpert)" on page 101 for additional information.
- New entries in the device selection window appear for Sun StorEdge products.
- The physical view shows the Physical Storage configuration.

Storage Devices in Physical View Window

Sun StorEdge devices appear in the selection window using the StorTools register name. This name is unique for every device.

For example, the Fibre Channel switches in the physical view use the naming convention:

```
qlc0-sw0-fl13-e16
```

This represents a Fibre Channel 16-port switch.

```
qlc = Sun StorEdge PCI Dual Fibre Channel Network Controller HBA 0
sw0 = Connected to switch instance 0 (instance number can be
    in the range 0-n)
fl13 = Fabric loop port 13.
e16 = Connected to port 16 which is eport number 16.
```

▼ To Recognize New Devices

In order for the StorTools software to recognize the devices on the system, you can either reboot the system or use the following procedure.

- 1. Exit the StorTools GUI, using the "Quit" button.
- 2. Use standard Solaris utilities to add new components.
- 3. Restart the StorTools GUI.
- 4. Select "Update." The new devices are displayed.

▼ To Set the Environment Path Variables

After installing the StorTools diagnostic package you must set the environment variables PATH and MANPATH to include the StorTools directories /opt/SUNWvtsst/bin and /opt/SUNWvtsst/man.

• For the Korn or Bourne shell, add the following to your .profile file:

```
$ PATH=/opt/SUNWvtsst/bin:$PATH
$ MANPATH=/opt/SUNWvtsst/man:$MANPATH
$ export PATH MANPATH
```

• For the C shell, add the following to the .cshrc file:

```
% setenv PATH /opt/SUNWvtsst/bin:$PATH
% setenv MANPATH /opt/SUNWvtsst/man:$MANPATH
```

▼ To Remove the StorTools Package

• To remove the StorTools package, use the pkgrm(1M) command. For instance:

```
# pkgrm SUNWvtsst
```

Sun StorEdge PCI FC-100 Host Adapter Test (ifptest)

The ifptest(1M) test verifies the functionality of the Sun StorEdge PCI FC-100 host adapter, which is a single-loop Fibre Channel card with an on board Gigabit Interface Converter (GBIC).

The ifptest tests the functionality when there are no devices attached to the loop. The driver checks for devices on the fibre loop. If any devices are detected, the driver blocks any diagnostic commands. An error message is displayed if the device is attached to storage.

If devices are attached to the loop, do not run ifptest. Instead, run the t3test(1M), a3500fctest(1M), a5ktest(1M), or fctapetest(1M) tests on the individual devices.

The ifptest test uses the "mailbox" interface to the card, which enables certain firmware operations to be performed that normally would not be available to the application layer.

This chapter is organized as follows:

- "ifptest Subtests" on page 19
- "ifptest Test Options" on page 20
- "ifptest Test Modes" on page 22
- "ifptest Command-Line Syntax" on page 23

ifptest Subtests

This test runs four subtests in functional mode:

Mailbox Loopback Test

Loads a series of registers into the input mailboxes on the card and then reads the output mailboxes and compares the results. This verifies that the system side of the card is operating correctly and that the internal data paths are ok.

■ Firmware Revision Check

Reads the firmware revision from the firmware and compares it to a revision loaded by the driver. This test does not check to ensure that the driver is up-to-date.

■ Firmware Checksum Test

Runs an internal checksum test on the installed firmware. This verifies that the RISC RAM on the card is fully functional and that the installed firmware is still intact. This test also serves as a quick RAM check of the RISC RAM.

■ Check Module Revisions

Extracts the hardware and firmware revision levels of different modules on the card.

ifptest Test Options

To display the ifptest Test Parameters Options dialog box shown in FIGURE 3-1, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system might not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS 4.1 User's Guide* for more details.

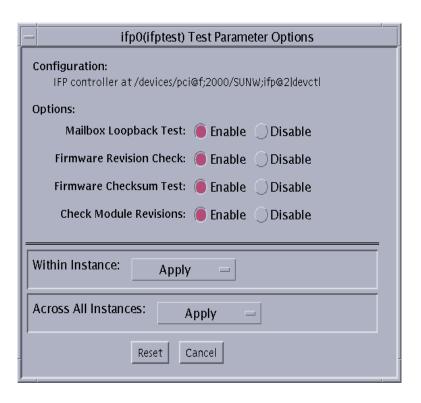


FIGURE 3-1 ifptest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

 ${\tt TABLE\,3-1}\ describes\ the\ {\tt ifptest}\ Test\ Parameter\ Options\ dialog\ box\ for\ different\ test\ modes.$

TABLE 3-1 ifptest Options

Option	Description
Mailbox Loopback Test	Enables or disables the mailbox loopback command. This test writes data patterns into the mailboxes and then reads them back from the output mailboxes and verifies the data is correct. It is run by default, but it can be deselected.
Firmware Revision Check	Enables or disables the firmware revision check command. This test extracts the firmware revision from the RISC firmware code and verifies it against expected values. It is run by default, but it can be deselected.
Firmware Checksum Test	Enables or disables the firmware checksum command. This command instructs the interface's RISC processor to calculate the checksum on the current microcode and then compare it to the checksum that was loaded in with the microcode. It is run by default, but it can be deselected.
Check Module Revisions	Enables or disables the firmware check module command. This command returns the revision level of several modules on the interface card. Although this test is executed when enabled, the module revision levels are displayed only in verbose mode. It is run by default, but it can be deselected.

ifptest Test Modes

The ifptest test modes are listed in TABLE 3-2.

TABLE 3-2 ifptest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	Yes	Performs only an open/close operation. Can be run when attached to storage.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	Runs the full set of mailbox tests.
Expert (Offline)	No	Expert is supported only when an end device is selected (that is, disk).

Note — Connection test mode only opens the controller to verify that the path is still viable.

ifptest Command-Line Syntax

The ifptest command-line syntax is as follows:

/opt/SUNWvtsst/bin/ifptest standard-arguments -o dev=RegisterName,\
 mbox=enable|disable,fwrevcheck=enable|disable,\
 checksum=enable|disable,modrevcheck=enable|disable

TABLE 3-3 describes the arguments associated with the ifptest test. All options are enabled by default.

TABLE 3-3 ifptest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
dev=RegisterName	The name of the device that is shown in discman(1M) output.
<pre>mbox= enable disable</pre>	Enables or disables the mailbox loopback command. This test writes data patterns into the mailboxes and then reads them back from the output mailboxes and verifies the data is correct.
<pre>fwrevcheck= enable disable</pre>	Enables or disables the firmware revision check command. This test extracts the firmware revision from the RISC firmware code and verifies against expected values.
<pre>checksum= enable disable</pre>	Enables or disables the firmware checksum command. This command instructs the interface's RISC processor to calculate the checksum on the current microcode and then compare it to the checksum that was loaded in with the microcode.
modrevcheck= enable disable	Enables or disables the firmware checksum command. This command returns the revision level of several sub-modules on the interface card. Although this test is executed when enabled, the module revision levels are displayed in verbose mode.

Note — 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvtsst/bin/sparcv9/testname. For more information, refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 5.

Sun StorEdge SBus FC-100 Host Adapter Board Test (socaltest)

The socaltest(1M) test aids the validation and fault isolation of the Sun StorEdge SBus FC-100 host adapter board. In the case of a faulty board, the test tries to isolate the fault to the card, the GBIC module, or the direct memory access (DMA) between the host adapter card and the host memory.

Note – Do not run socaltest and a5ksestest at the same time, otherwise test failures might occur. Do not run socaltest with a high system load. Running this test with a large number of instances and concurrency might result in resource limitations that cause this test to fail.

This chapter is organized as follows:

- "socaltest Test Options" on page 25
- "socaltest Test Modes" on page 28
- "socaltest Command-Line Syntax" on page 29

socaltest Test Options

To display the socaltest Test Parameter Options dialog box shown in FIGURE 4-1, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system might not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the SunVTS 4.1 User's Guide for more details.

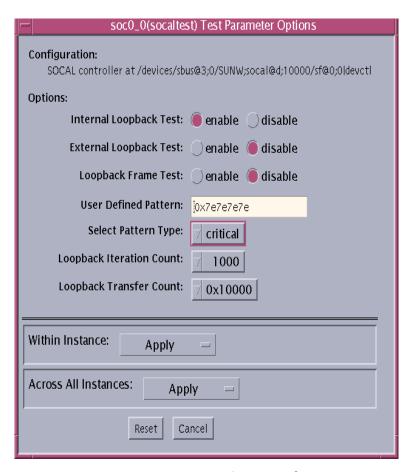


FIGURE 4-1 socaltest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

TABLE 4-1 describes the a5ktest Test Parameter Options dialog box for different test modes.

TABLE 4-1socaltest Options

socaltest Options	Description
Internal Loopback Test (with no storage attached)	Checks the host adapter card and the DMA with the host system, as follows:
	1. A frame is created in the host adapter local memory, sent out through the SOC+ transmitter, and internally looped back to the SOC+ receiver. The received data is compared to the original data.
	2. A frame is created in the host adapter local memory, sent out through the SOC+ transmitter, and looped back through the SERDES (serializer-deserializer) chip on the host adapter card.
	The received data is compared to the original data. 3. A frame is created in the host main memory, transferred through the DMA to the host adapter transmitter, looped back within the SOC+ chip, and transferred from the receiver to the host main memory through the DMA. The received frame is compared to the original transmitted frame, which tests the host memory to the host adapter DMA path. If the board is not connected to storage, the Internal loopback test is selected by default. External and Loopback Frame tests are disabled.
External Loopback Test (with no storage attached)	Verifies the proper functioning of the GBIC module. A frame is created in the host adapter local memory and is sent out and looped back through the external loopback connector attached to the port. If the external loopback test is run together with the internal loopback test, the DMA path is also tested by creating a frame in host main memory, transferring it to the host adapter through the DMA, looping it back through the external loopback connector, and transferring the received frame back to the host main memory by DMA. By default, this is always disabled.
Loopback Frame Test (with storage attached)	Sends out a buffer initialized with the selected pattern and compares it to the looped-back frame. It passes if the two match and fails if they do not. If the board is connected to storage, the Loopback Frame test is selected by default. Internal and external loopback tests are disabled.
Select Pattern Type	Applies only to Loopback Frame test. user uses the pattern entered by user. critical runs the 10 most critical patterns for fault detection. all runs the complete list of hexadecimal patterns for fault detection. The all pattern includes the critical pattern. The default is critical, which applies only to Loopback Frame Pattern.

TABLE 4-1 socaltest Options

socaltest Options	Description
User Defined Pattern	User specified pattern in hexadecimal. The default is 0x7e7e7e7e.
Loopback Iteration Count	Sets the number of times to loop the internal 10-bit, internal 1-bit, and external loopback tests. The default value is 10.
Loopback Transfer Count	Controls the packet size used in the internal 10-bit, internal 1-bit, and external loopback tests. The default value is 0×10000 .

In addition to the tests described above, the socaltest test also tests the basic functions of the SOC+ chip, the on-board XRAM, and the host control buffer by invoking the appropriate tests implemented in firmware.

Note — You cannot run the Internal or External Loopback tests if the port is connected to a disk array.

socaltest Test Modes

The socaltest test modes are listed in TABLE 4-2.

TABLE 4-2 socaltest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	Yes	Performs an open/close on the device.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	Runs the full set of tests.
Expert (Offline)	No	Supported only when an end device (such as a disk) is selected.

socaltest Command-Line Syntax

The socaltest command-line syntax as follows:

/opt/SUNWvtsst/bin/socaltest standard-arguments -o dev=RegisterName,\
 elb=enable|disable,ilb=enable|disable,lbf=enable|disable,\
 userpattern=pattern,selectpattern=user|critical|all,\
 xcnt=transfer_count

TABLE 4-3 describes the arguments associated with the socaltest test.

TABLE 4-3 socaltest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
dev=RegisterName	The name of the device that is shown in discman(1M) output.
elb=enable disable	Enables or disables the External Loopback test.
ilb=enable disable	Enables or disables the Internal Loopback test.
lbf=enable disable	Enables or disables the Loopback Frame test.
<pre>selectpattern= user critical all</pre>	Choice of pattern to run. User is the one pattern entered above. critical is the I/O pattern causing device failure. all is a complete list of patterns. critical is the default pattern.
xcnt=transfer-count	Buffer sizes of the pattern buffer.
userpattern=pattern	Specifies the pattern in hexadecimal, for example: $ptn=0x7e7e7e7e$.

Note – 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory:

 $\label{lem:continuous} $$ \operatorname{SUNWvtsst/bin/sparcv9/}$ $$ to ``and 64-Bit Tests" on page 5.$

Sun StorEdge PCI Dual Fibre Channel Host Adapter Board Test (qlctest)

The qlctest(1M) test comprises several subtests that test the functions of the Sun StorEdge PCI dual Fibre Channel host adapter board. The PCI dual fibre board is an HBA that has diagnostic support. This diagnostic test is not scalable.

Note – Do not run customer applications while running qlctest, as the test will take priority over customer data requests. Data cannot be accessed while the qlctest test is running.

Do not run other tests while the qlctest test is running. The qlctest test might cause other tests to fail.

The qlctest test is an intervention mode test. No subtests can be selected unless intervention is set.

Running the qlctest test can affect the switch counters along with the operation of Sun Network Storage Agent.

This chapter is organized as follows:

- "qlctest Subtests" on page 32
- "qlctest Options" on page 33
- "qlctest Test Modes" on page 36
- "qlctest Command-Line Syntax" on page 37

glctest Subtests

The seven subtests that run in both intervention and functional modes are as follows:

- Test if connected to storage
- Online Self Test
- Mailbox Loopback Test
- **■** Firmware Checksum Test
- External Loopback Test
- Internal Loopback Test 1 Bit
- Internal Loopback Test 10 Bit

The External Loopback test is an intervention test. To test the fibre loop, leave the HBA port attached to the storage. In the Test Parameters Options dialog box, set the "Test if Connected to Storage" option to "Yes." To test the PCI FC-100 FC-AL board alone, connect a loopback cable to the FC-AL port. This cable can be made by taking a regular cable and splitting it apart. Then loop the transmitter side of the port to the receiver side of the port.

▼ To Create a Loopback Cable

- 1. Obtain the following tools:
 - Small standard flat-head screwdriver
 - Snips
 - Sun cable part number X973A (two-meter cable) Quantity 1
- 2. Insert the screwdriver between the tabs holding the casing together and pop the casing apart.
- 3. Remove the black shrinkwrap from the cable.
- 4. Pull the cables apart.

5. To loop back the signal insert one end of the cable into the transmitter side and insert the other end into the receiver side.

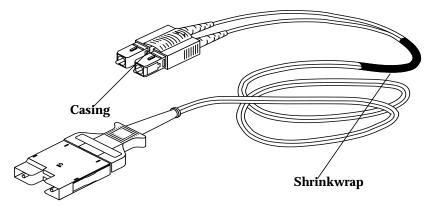


FIGURE 5-1 Creating a Loopback Cable

qlctest Options

To display the dialog box shown in FIGURE 5-2, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system might not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS 4.1 User's Guide* for more details.

To run the qlctest when connected to storage, you must enable the "Test if Connected to Storage" button in the qlctest, command Test Parameter Options dialog box as shown in FIGURE 5-2.

qlc0(qlctest) Test Parameter Options
Configuration: QLC device at /devices/pci@9;2000/pci@2/SUNW;qlc@4/fp@0;0 devctl
Options:
Test if Connected to Storage: (a) Yes (b) No
Online Selftest: 🦲 Enable 🔵 Disable
Mailbox Loopback Test: 🌘 Enable 🔵 Disable
Firmware Checksum Test: 🦲 Enable 🔵 Disable
Internal Loopback Test 10 bit: 🥚 Enable 🔵 Disable
Internal Loopback Test 1 bit: 🦲 Enable 🔵 Disable
External Loopback Test: 🔵 Enable 🬘 Disable
Loopback Transfer Count: V 0x10000
Loopback Iteration Count: 7 10
User Defined Pattern: į̇́0×7e7e7e7e
Select Pattern Type:
Within Instance: Apply —
Across All Instances: Apply
Reset Cancel

FIGURE 5-2 qlctest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

TABLE 5-1 describes the a5ktest Test Parameter Options dialog box for different test modes.

TABLE 5-1 qlctest Options

Option	Description
Test if Connected to Storage	Runs qlctest while connected to storage.
Online Selftest	Evaluates the functionality of ISP hardware by performing the following tests: • Transmit FIFO test • Receive FIFO test • SRAM test • Miscellaneous Register tests It runs by default, but it can be deselected.
Mailbox Loopback Test	Loads a series of registers into the input mailboxes on the card and then reads the output mailboxes and compares the results. Verifies that the system side of the card is operating correctly and that the internal data paths are correct. It runs by default, but it can be deselected.
Firmware Checksum Test	Runs an internal checksum test on the installed firmware. This test verifies that the RISC RAM on the card is fully functional and that the installed firmware is still intact. This test also serves as a quick RAM check of the RISC RAM. It runs by default, but it can be deselected.
Internal Loopback Test 10-bit	Performs an internal loopback test within the host adapter ISP hardware at the 10-bit interface. This test is done with data sourcing from the system memory. You select the desired data pattern, transfer length, and iteration count from the Test Parameter Options dialog box. It runs by default, but it can be deselected.
Internal Loopback Test 1-bit	Performs an internal loopback test within the host adapter ISP hardware at the 1-bit interface. This test is done with data sourcing from the system memory. You select the data pattern, transfer length, and iteration count from the Test Parameter Options dialog box. It runs by default, but it can be deselected.
External Loopback Test	Performs an external loopback test. This test is done with data sourcing from the system memory and going to the system memory. You select the data pattern, transfer length, and iteration count from the Test Parameter Options dialog box. This is an intervention test, because a loopback cable from the transceiver to the QLC receiver of the QLC port must be inserted when testing this port by itself. This subtest can also test the entire Fibre Channel loop when the loop is connected to the storage to be tested. It does not run by default, but it can be selected.

 TABLE 5-1
 qlctest Options (Continued)

Option (Continued)	Description
Loopback Transfer Count	Controls the packet size used in the internal 10-bit, internal 1-bit, and external loopback tests. The default value is 0×10000 .
Loopback Iteration Count	Sets the number of times to loop the internal 10-bit, internal 1-bit, and external loopback tests. The default value is 10.
User Defined Pattern	Uses the user-entered data pattern to loop for the internal 10-bit, internal 1-bit, and external loopback tests. The default value is $0x7e7e7e7e$.
Select Patterns Type	Selects which data pattern to loop for the internal 10-bit, internal 1-bit, and external loopback tests. The default value is, critical.

$\verb"qlctest" Test Modes"$

The glatest test modes are listed in TABLE 5-2.

TABLE 5-2glctest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	Yes	Opens and closes the QLC port
Functional (Offline)	Yes	Runs the full set of tests
Expert	No	Expert is supported only when an end device (such as a disk) is selected.

qlctest Command-Line Syntax

The glotest command-line syntax is as follows:

```
/opt/SUNWvtsst/bin/qlctest standard-arguments -o dev=RegisterName,\
    run_connect=yes|no,checksum=enable|disable,\
    selftest=enable|disable,mbox=enable|disable,\
    ilb_10=enable|disable,ilb=enable|disable,\
    elb=enable|disable,xcnt=0xtransfer-count,\
    iterations=iteration-count, userpattern=0xpattern,\
    selectpattern=user|critical|all
```

TABLE 5-3 describes the arguments associated with the qlctest test.

TABLE 5-3 qlctest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
dev=RegisterName	The name of the device that is returned by discman.
run_connect=yes no	If run_connect is set to yes, qlctest runs when the tested port is connected to storage. If the port being tested is not connected to storage, this option has no effect.
<pre>checksum= enable disable</pre>	Enables or disables the checksum command. Runs an internal checksum test on the installed firmware. This verifies that the RISC RAM on the card is fully functional and that the installed firmware is still intact. This test also serves as a quick RAM check of the RISC RAM.
<pre>selftest= enable disable</pre>	Enables or disables the selftest command. Evaluates the functionality of the ISP hardware.
<pre>mbox= enable disable</pre>	Enables or disables the mailbox loopback command. This test writes data patterns into the mailboxes and then reads them back from the output mailboxes and verifies the data is correct.
<pre>i1b_10= enable disable</pre>	Enables or disables the internal 10-bit test. Performs internal loopback test within the host adapter ISP hardware at the 10-bit interface.
ilb=enable disable	Enables or disables the internal 1-bit test. Performs internal loopback test within the host adapter ISP hardware at the 1-bit interface.

 TABLE 5-3
 qlctest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
elb=enable disable	Enables or disables the external loopback test. The desired data pattern, transfer length, and iteration count can be selected via the Test Parameter Options dialog box. Requires a cable for this intervention test.
xcnt=0xtransfer-count	Controls the packet size to be transferred, for example, $0x1000$.
iterations= iteration-count	Controls the number of times the loopback test will run, for example, 100.
userpattern= Oxpattern	Lists the data pattern to loop, for example, $0x7e7e7e7e$.
<pre>selectpattern= {user critical all}</pre>	Choice of pattern to run. user is the one pattern entered above. critical is the I/O pattern causing device failure. all is a complete list of patterns. critical is the default pattern.

Note – 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory:

/opt/SUNWvtsst/bin/sparcv9/testname. For more information, refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 5.

Sun StorEdge A5x00 Array Enclosure Test (a5ksestest)

The a5ksestest(1M) test provides configuration verification, fault isolation, and repair validation of the disks in the Sun StorEdge A5x00 array. The a5ksestest tests both Sun StorEdge A5x00 14- and 22-slot disk enclosures.

This chapter is organized as follows:

- "a5ksestest Subtests" on page 39
- "a5ksestest Test Options" on page 44
- "a5ksestest Test Modes" on page 44
- "a5ksestest Command-Line Syntax" on page 45

a5ksestest Subtests

The Sun StorEdge A5*x*00 array is a high-availability, mass storage subsystem consisting of the following components:

- SCSI Fibre Channel protocol host adapters with dual 100-Mbyte FC-AL ports
- A disk enclosure
- A front panel display for configuration information
- Up to two interface boards, that provide FC-AL connections to the enclosure and provide status information and control of the conditions within the enclosure
- Other field-replaceable units (FRUs) within the enclosure that include power supply units, fan trays, and a backplane

The StorTools software attaches an instance of a5ksestest whenever a Sun StorEdge A5x00 SCSI enclosure services (SES) device is found. Normally, two instances occur for each path to a Sun StorEdge A5x00 array.

Note — Do not run the a5ksestest and socaltest tests at the same time, otherwise test failures might occur.

Note – The Sun StorEdge A5x00 array was formally known as the Sun Enterprise Network ArrayTM. The a5ksestest tests both of these disk array subsystems.

The a5ksestest test detects all Sun StorEdge A5x00 arrays that are connected to the HBA and collects relevant configuration information. FIGURE 6-1 shows the Test

Parameter Options dialog box, which contains a sample configuration listing and test parameters.

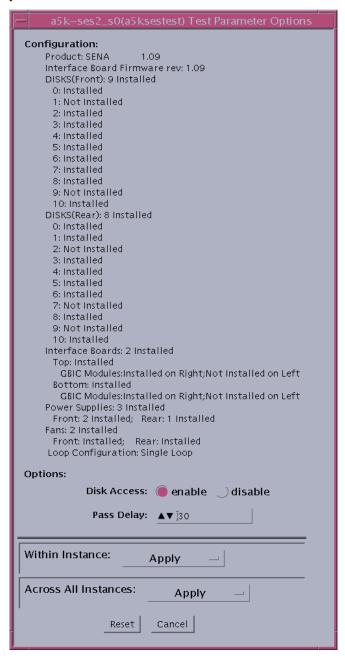


FIGURE 6-1 a5ksestest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

TABLE 6-1 describes the extent of the test coverage and provides samples of the configuration information that is displayed.

TABLE 6-1a5ksestest Coverage

Test Coverage	Description
HBA Connections	The a5ksestest test searches for all active and inactive connections between the host and the enclosure and reports the number of existing active connections. If verbose mode is enabled, the port on the host side and the GBIC port on the enclosure side are reported for each active connection. The test also diagnoses any inactive connection(s) and reports the possible causes for failure. The test fails if there are one or more inactive connections.
Disk Access	During testing, each disk is accessed through each active connection leading to that disk. The a5ksestest test opens partition 2 on the disk and reads 512 bytes of raw data.
Enclosure Status	The status of the enclosure is obtained by querying the SCSI Enclosure Services (SES) device in the enclosure. Detailed information regarding the status of the elements within the enclosure is reported. The test fails if a critical condition is detected in the enclosure. TABLE 6-2 shows how the status information is reported.

The following provides sample output for an enclosure attached to an SBus Socal board .

CODE EXAMPLE 6-1 SBus Socal Board Output Example

```
StorTools.a5ksestest.1010 12/05/2000 13:48:53 a5ksestest ses0 VERBOSE:
"MYBOX: Lower-Right GBIC connected to host via
/devices/sbus@1f,0/SUNW,socal@0,0:1"
StprTools.a5ksestest.1006 06/05/97 13:48:53 a5ksestest ses0 VERBOSE:
"MYBOX: Interface Board (Bottom one in the enclosure) detected to be installed
and OK"
StorTools.a5ksestest.6023 06/05/97 13:48:53 a5ksestest ses0
ERROR: "MYBOX: Cannot communicate with the enclosure via
/devices/sbus@1f,0/SUNW,socal@0,0:0; possibly connected to Lower-Left
GBIC in the enclosure"
Probable Cause(s):
    (1) Signal too low at the GBIC module in the enclosure
    (2) Faulty cable or cable disconnected
    (3) Faulty GBIC module on the host side
Recommended_Action(s):
    (1) Ensure the cables are properly connected
    (2)Please contact your service representative
StorTools.a5ksestest.2006 06/05/97 13:48:53 a5ksestest ses0 INFO:
"MYBOX: Number of connections to the host: 1"
```

TABLE 6-2 lists the element enclosure status.

TABLE 6-2 Element Enclosure Status

Enclosure Element	Status Measured	Status Options
Disk	 Fault Sensed Status of ports A and B	Yes/NoConnected/Bypassed
Power Supply	 Status Temperature AC Input DC Output	On/OffOK/Cricical/Overtemp/AbnormalOK/Not OKOK/Not OK
Fan	 Status Speed	On/OffHigh/Low/Stopped
Backplane	 Status Status of ports A and B	OK/FailedConnected/Byupassed
Interface Board	 Temperature Loop A Status Loop B Status	OK/Critical/OvertempOK/FailedOK/Failed
GBIC	 Status Signal Level Transmitter	Disabled/EnabledOK/Too lowOK/Failed

a5ksestest Test Options

To display the a5ksestest Test Parameter Options dialog box shown in FIGURE 6-1, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system might not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the SunVTS 4.1 User's Guide for more details.

a5ksestest Test Modes

The a5ksestest test modes are listed in TABLE 6-3.

TABLE 6-3a5ksestest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection test	Yes	In this mode, the host connections and the status of the enclosure are checked. The test fails if there are any broken connections or if a critical enclosure condition is detected. Noncritical conditions result in a warning.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	All test options are allowed in this mode.
Expert	No	Expert is supported only when an end device (such as a disk) is selected.

A sample output of the connection test is shown in CODE EXAMPLE 6-2

CODE EXAMPLE 6-2 ConnectionTest

02/28/01 18:09:54 diag176.Central.Sun.COM StorTools 4.2: VTSID 2013 a5ksestest.INFO: Connected <Enclosure Name=c, Enclosure Status=OK> Connection test complete

a5ksestest Command-Line Syntax

The a5ksestest command-line syntax is as follows:

/opt/SUNWvtsst/bin/a5ksestest standard-arguments\
-o dev=RegisterName,delay=delay-in-seconds

TABLE 6-4 describes the arguments associated with the a5ksestest test.

TABLE 6-4 a5ksestest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
dev=RegisterName	The name of the device that is shown in discman(1M) output.
delay=delay-in-seconds	Sets the minimum delay (in seconds) between successive iterations of the test.

Note — 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvtsst/bin/sparcv9/testname. For more information, refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 5.

Sun StorEdge A5x00 Array Test (a5ktest)

The a5ktest(1M) test verifies the functionality of Sun StorEdge A5x00 array using five subtests: Media, File System, Asynchronous I/O, Write/Read Buffer, and Self Test.

The a5ktestTest Parameter Options dialog box shows all the partitions that are available for testing. The file System subtest can be run only if the selected partition is mounted (described in TABLE 7-2).

An instance of a5ktest is present for each disk in a Sun StorEdge A5x00 array.

This chapter is organized as follows:

- "a5ktest Test Options" on page 47
- "a5ktest Test Modes" on page 51
- "a5ktest Command-Line Syntax" on page 52

a5ktest Test Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the a5ktest Test Parameter Options in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system might not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS 4.1 User's Guide* for more details.

c11t0d0-f0(a5kt	est) Test Parameter Options
Configuration: Capacity: 16.86GB Vendor: SEAGATE SUN Id: ST318203FSUN18G Firmware Rev: 034A Serial Number: LRB08645000 Port WWN: 21000020375b08	
Options: Select Pattern Type:	▽ critical
User Defined Pattern:	<u>%</u> 0x7e7e7e7e
Disk Self Test:	_ Enable
Check RDLS counts:	■ Enable Disable
W/R Device Buffer Test:	■ Enable Disable
W/R Device Buffer Iterations:	Ĭ100
Test Media:	■ Enable Disable
Partition:	∀ 0
Media Test Method:	SynclO AsynclO
Media Coverage(%):	▲▼ 11
Media Transfer Size:	√ 32KB
Test File System:	◯ Enable
File System File Size:	√ 512KB
File System Transfer Size:	▽ 512B
Within Instance: Apply	,
Across All Instances:	Apply —

FIGURE 7-1 a5ktest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

TABLE 7-3 describes the test mode options for the a5ktest test.

TABLE 7-1a5ktest Options

Options	Description
Disk Self Test	Enables or disables the disk self test.
Check RDLS Counts	Monitor RDLS counts.
W/R Device Buffer Test	Enables or disables the W/R Device Buffer Test.
W/R Device Buffer Iterations	Enables users to specify the buffer W/R iterations.
User Defined Pattern	User defined test pattern.
Select Pattern Type	Enables you to run user, critical, or allpattern.
Partition	The partition for the Media subtest. If a partition is mounted, its mount point is appended after the partition number, such as $1(/usr)$, where 1 is the partition number, and /usr is the mount point.
Test Media	Enables or disables the Media subtest.
Media Test Method	Enables or disables the Media Test Methods (SyncIO and AsyncIO).
Media Coverage (%)	Tests all or part of a partition (in percentages).
Media Transfer Size	The transfer size of the Media subtest.
Test File System	Enables or disables the File System subtest.
File System File Size	Creates a file twice the size of what is specified.
File System Transfer Size	Displays the transfer size of the File System subtest.
Connection Test for disk	 Option Menu for hard disk partition—0 to 7 [default] Test Media—[Enable](fixed to Enable) Media Write Read Mode—[Read Only](fixed to Read Only) Media Test Method-[SyncIO] (fixed to SyncIO) Media Coverage(%)—1% Media Transfer Size—[2KB] Test File System—[Disable](fixed to Disable)

 TABLE 7-1
 a5ktest Options (Continued)

Options	Description
Functional Test for disk	 Partition—0 - 7 [default] Test Media—[Enable Disable] Read Mode—[Read-only WriteRead] Media Test method—[SyncIO AsyncIO] Media Coverage(%)—1% Media Transfer Size—[2KB 16KB 32KB 64KB 128KB 256KB 512KB] Test File System—[Enable Disable] File System File Size—[512KB 2MB 8MB 20MB 100MB 200MB] File System Transfer Size—[512B 1024B 10KB 40KB 80KB] Test device buffer (wrdevbuf option)[Enable Disable] Number of times to run pattern (wrdevbufpasses option)
Select Pattern Type	 Select pattern option—{user critical all} User defined pattern (userpattern option)
Expert test for disk	• The Expert mode runs stexpert on the targeted disk and its data path FRUs. If a failure is detected, the system might display a prompt to run stexpert interactively from the command line.

TABLE 7-2 describes the a5ktest subtests.

TABLE 7-2a5ktest Subtests

Subtest	Description
Media subtest	Verifies disk media by reading data from the disk. The Media subtest treats a disk as one large chunk of contiguous data.
File System subtest	Verifies the file system's integrity. The File System subtest exercises the partition being tested to determine if it is mounted. If the partition is not already mounted or premounted, then the test is blocked. The test opens two temporary files (of the size specified on File System File Size) and performs a read/write test.

TABLE 7-2a5ktest Subtests

Subtest	Description
Asynchronous I/O subtest	Uses the asynchronous read feature of the Solaris disk driver to exercise the disk. In read-only mode, the test sends a maximum of four asynchronous read packets, each with a random size and a random offset into the selected partition. The test then waits for all outstanding I/O activity to complete before issuing another round of packets. This process continues until the whole area is tested.
Write/Read Device Buffer subtest	Verifies the Fibre Channel loop by performing a pattern test. If the write/read device buffer test fails on a particular device, there is a problem with an upstream Fibre Channel component that might not be on the actual device where the test failed. Refer to Chapter 14 for information on using the stexpert command to isolate the problem.
Self Test	Instructs a device to run its internal diagnostics. If the device fails this test, check the error message for a more detailed description of the error.

a5ktest Test Modes

The a5ktest test modes are listed in TABLE 7-3.

TABLE 7-3a5ktest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	Yes	Only one instance of the a5ktest test is allowed for each disk device. The a5ktest test displays messages and reports errors. The test also opens the disk, checks the disk configuration, reads a few blocks, and then closes the disk. No File System subtest is run. No Write option is available in Connection test mode.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	More than one instance of the a5ktest test is allowed for one disk device. Both the File System and Media subtests can be run in offline Functional test mode.
Expert (Offline)	Yes	The Expert mode runs stexpert on the targeted disk and its data path FRUs. If a failure is detected, you might be requested to run stexpert interactively from the command line.

a5ktest Command-Line Syntax

The a5ktest command-line syntax is shown below.

```
/opt/SUNWvtsst/bin/a5ktest standard-arguments -o \
    dev=RegisterName,partition=0-7,rawsub=enable|disable,\
    rawcover=coverage,method=method,rawiosize=size,\
    fstest=enable|disable,fssize=file-system-size,\
    fsiosize=IO-transfer-size,wrdevbuf=enable|disable,\
    wrdevbufiterations=passes-per-pattern,selftest=enable|disable,\
    selectpattern=user|critical|all,userpattern=0xpattern,\
    checkrdls=enable|disable
```

Note — The text cannot execute in the KornShell (ksh(1)) with all the a5ktest test-specific command-line arguments. Use this command in an executable file or use a different shell.

TABLE 7-4 describes the arguments associated with the a5ktest test.

TABLE 7-4 a5ktest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
dev=RegisterName	The name of the device that is shown in discman(1M) output.
partition=0-7	The partition number to test, such as partition=6(/export/s6), if mounted on partition 6.
rawsub= enable disable	Enables or disables the Media subtest.
rawcover=value	Specifies media coverage from 0–100% of the partition.
method=value	Specifies the Media Test Methods (SyncIO and AsyncIO).
rawiosize=size	The media size to transfer. Values equal: 2KB \mid 16KB \mid 32KB \mid 64KB \mid 128KB \mid 256KB \mid 512KB
<pre>fstest= enable disable</pre>	Enables or disables the File System subtest.
userpattern=0xpattern	Used to specify a specific pattern.
<pre>checkrdls= enable disable</pre>	Monitor read link status counters for errors.

TABLE 7-4 a5ktest Command-Line Syntax (Continued)

Argument	Description
fssize=file-system-size	Indicates the File System subtest size in kilobytes or megabytes: • K k KB kb—kilobytes • M m MB mb—megabytes • {512KB 2MB 8MB 20MB 100MB 200MB}
fsiosize= IO-transfer-size	Indicates the size of the file system subtest I/O transfer in bytes or kilobytes: $\{512B\ \ 1024B\ \ 10KB\ \ 40KB\ \ 80KB\}$
wrdevbuf= enable disable	Runs the Write/Read device Buffer test on a specified disk.
wrdevbufiterations =passes-per-pattern	Runs the specified number of each pattern to the write/read buffer on the disk.
selectpattern= user critical all	critical is the top most critical patterns for fault detection. all is the complete list of hexadecimal patterns for fault detection. all patterns also includes the critical patterns. The default is critical. user will use userpattern.
selftest= enable disable	Enables or disables the selftest.

Note – If you are using the sequential option for the fspattern option, make sure the File System File Size is appropriate for the File System Transfer Size. For example, if the File System File Size selected is 512 Kbytes and the File System Transfer Size is 512 bytes, 1024 patterns can be run.

Note – 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory:

/opt/SUNWvtsst/bin/sparcv9/testname. For more information, refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 5.

Sun StorEdge T3 Array Test (t3test)

The t3test(1M) test verifies the functionality of Sun StorEdge T3 array logical unit numbers (LUNs) using three subtests: Media, File System, and Asynchronous I/O.

The file system subtest can be run only if the selected partition is mounted (described in TABLE 8-2).

An instance of the t3test test is present for each LUN.

This chapter is organized as follows:

- "t3test Test Options" on page 55
- "Monitoring Sun StorEdge T3 Array Messages" on page 60
- "t3test Test Modes" on page 63
- "t3test Command-Line Syntax" on page 63

t3test Test Options

To display the dialog box shown in FIGURE 8-1, right-click on the t3test Test Parameter Options in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system might not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the SunVTS 4.1 User's Guide for more details.

c13t60020F2000003EE53AAF7A09000DA257d0_pth2(t3test)
Configuration: Capacity: 477.16GB Vendor: SUN SUN Id: T300 Firmware Rev: 0117 Serial Number: Unsupported Port WWN: 50020f2300003d2c Port Mode: Primary
Options:
Select Pattern Type: 🔽 critical
User Defined Pattern: jox7e7e7e7e
Check RDLS counts: 🖲 Enable 🔵 Disable
Check T3 Log File: 🬘 Enable 🔵 Disable
Test Media: 🦲 Enable 🔵 Disable
Partition: 0
Media Test Method: SyncIO
▼ AsynclO
Media Coverage(%): ▲▼ ji
Media Transfer Size: 32KB
Test File System: 🔵 Enable 🦲 Disable
File System File Size: 7 512KB
File System Transfer Size: 512B
Within Instance: Apply —
Across All Instances: Apply
Reset Cancel

FIGURE 8-1 t3test Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

TABLE 8-3 describes the test mode options for the ${\tt t3test}$ test.

 TABLE 8-1
 t3test Configurations and Options

Options	Description
Partition	The partition for the Media subtest. If a partition is mounted, its mount point is appended after the partition number, such as $1(/usr)$, where 1 is the partition number and /usr is the mount point.
Test Media	Enables or disables the Media subtest.
Media Test Method	Enables or disables the Media Test Methods (SyncIO and AsyncIO).
Media Coverage (%)	Tests all or part of a partition (in percentages).
Media Transfer Size	The transfer size of the Media subtest.
Test File System	Enables or disables the File System subtest.
File System File Size	Creates two files, half the size of what is specified.
File System Transfer Size	The transfer size of the File System subtest.
User Defined Pattern	User defined test pattern.
Select Pattern Type	Selects which patters to run. You will choose either user, critical, or all patterns.
Check T3 Log File	Scan Sun StorEdge T3 array log file for errors during test.
Check RDLS Counts	Monitor RDLS counts.

 TABLE 8-1
 t3test Configurations and Options (Continued)

Options	Description
Connection Test for LUN	 Option Menu for hard LUN partition—0 to 7 [default] Test Media—[Enable] (fixed to Enable) Media Write Read Mode—[Read Only] (fixed to Read Only) Media Test Method-[SyncIO] (fixed to SyncIO) Media Coverage(%)—1% Media Transfer Size—[2KB] Test File System—[Disable](fixed to Disable)
Functional Test for LUN	 Partition—0 - 7 [default] Test Media—[Enable Disable] Read Mode—[Read-only WriteRead] Media Test method—[SyncIO AsyncIO] Media Coverage(%)—1% Media Transfer Size—[2KB 16KB 32KB 64KB 128KB 256KB 512KB] Test File System—[Enable Disable] File System File Size—[128KB 256KB 512KB 2MB 8MB 20MB 100MB 200MB] File System Transfer Size—[512B 1024B 10KB 40KB 80KB] User Defined Pattern (userpattern option) Select Pattern Type—{user critical all}
Expert Test for LUN	 The Expert mode runs stexpert on the targeted LUN and it's data path FRUs. If a failure is detected, you might be requested to run stexpert interactively from the command line.

TABLE 8-2 describes the t3test subtests.

TABLE 8-2t3test Subtests

Subtest	Description
Media subtest	Verifies LUN media by reading data from the LUN. The Media subtest treats a LUN as one large chunk of contiguous data.
File System subtest	Verifies the LUN system's integrity. The File System subtest exercises the partition being tested to determine if it is mounted. If the partition is not already mounted or premounted, the test is blocked. The test opens two temporary files (of the size specified on File System File Size) and performs a read/write test.
Asynchronous I/O subtest	Uses the asynchronous read/write feature of the Solaris LUN driver to exercise the LUN. In read-only mode, the test sends a maximum of four asynchronous read packets, each with a random size and a random offset into the selected partition. The test then waits for all outstanding I/O activity to complete before issuing another round of packets. This process continues until the whole area is tested. In read-write mode, one write packet is issued in every four read packets as a spot check of the write operation.

Monitoring Sun StorEdge T3 Array Messages

Before using the StorTools diagnostic package to monitor messages from a Sun StorEdge T3 array, you must use the following procedures to set up the array to mirror its /syslog messages to the host that is running the StorTools package. The array messages may be mirrored to the /var/adm/messages.t3 file on the host.

▼ To Set Up the Host

1.On the host system, add the following line to the /etc/syslog.conf file.

```
local7.debug /var/adm/messages.t3
```

Note — When editing the /etc/syslog.conf file, you must insert a tab between local7.debug and /var/adm/messages.t3. If you inset a space character, the following error message is displayed: syslogd: line 37: unknown priority name "debug /var/adm/messages.t3".

2.Ensure that the /var/adm/messages.t3 file exists by typing:

```
# touch /var/adm/messages.t3
```

3.Send a hangup signal to the syslog daemon.

For example:

```
# ps -ef | grep syslog

root 242 1 0 Sep 22 ? 0:00 /usr/sbin/syslogd

root 23537 21154 0 18:16:19 pts/5 0:00 grep syslog

# kill -HUP 242
```

▼ To Set Up the Sun StorEdge T3 Array

Note – To use the ftp(1) program to transfer the syslog.conf and host files to the Sun StorEdge T3 array, you must have set a root password on the array. Otherwise the ftp login will fail.

1.On the host system, use a text editor to create a syslog.conf file in the /tmp directory containing the following line:

*.info @hostname

where *hostname* is the name of the host running the StorTools package.

Note – This allows Info, Notice, Warning, and Error messages to be passed from the array to the host.

2. Create a hosts file in the /tmp directory that contains the following line identifying the host's IP address and name:

192.xxx.xxx hostname

3.Use the ftp(1) utility to transfer the syslog.conf and hosts files you created in steps 1 and 2 from the host system to the array.

For example:

```
hostname# ftp t3name
Connected to t3name
220 IPAddress pSoSystem FTP server (NUPPC/2.0.0-G) ready.
Name (diag216:root): root
331 Password required for root.
Password:
230 User root logged in.
ftp> cd etc
250 CWD command successful.
ftp> put syslog.conf
200 PORT command successful.
150 Opening ASCII mode data connection for syslog.conf.
226 Transfer complete.
local: syslog.conf remote: syslog.conf
17 bytes sent in 0.00046 seconds (36.17 Kbytes/s)
ftp> put hosts
200 PORT command successful.
150 Opening ASCII mode data connection for hosts.
226 Transfer complete.
local: hosts remote: hosts
ftp> quit
221 Goodbye
hostname#
```

Where *hostname* is the name of the host running the StorTools package and *t3name* is the name of the Sun StorEdge T3 array.

4.On the array, start the message traffic on the host.

The syslogd(1M) must be redirected at the array.

```
t3name:/etc:<4>set logto *
```

5. Type the following to reboot the Sun StorEdge T3 array:

```
t3name:/etc:<5>sync
t3name:/etc:<5>reset
Reset the system, are you sure? [N]: y
```

6. Reboot the host or restart the SNMP daemon.

t3test Test Modes

The t3test test modes are listed in TABLE 8-3.

TABLE 8-3 t3test Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
device. The t3test tes The test also opens the reads a few blocks, and		Only one instance of the t3test test is allowed for each LUN device. The t3test test displays messages and reports errors. The test also opens the LUN, checks the LUN configuration, reads a few blocks, and then closes the LUN. No File System subtest is run. No Write option is available in Connection test mode.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	More than one instance of the t3test test is allowed for one disk device. Both the File System and Media subtests can be run in offline Functional test mode.
Expert (Offline)	Yes	The Expert mode runs stexpert on the targeted LUN and its data path FRUs. If a failure is detected, you might be requested to run stexpert interactively from the command line.

t3test Command-Line Syntax

The t3test command-line syntax is as follows:

```
/opt/SUNWvtsst/bin/t3test standard-arguments -o \
    dev=RegisterName,partition=0-7,rawsub=Enable|Disable,\
    method=method,rawiosize=size,fstest=Enable|Disable,\
    fssize=file-system-size,fsiosize=file-system-size,userpattern=0xpattern,\
    logcheck=Enable|Disable,selectpattern=user|critical|all,\
    rawcover=coverage,checkrdls=enable|disable
```

TABLE 8-4 describes the arguments associated with the t3test test.

TABLE 8-4t3test Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
dev=RegisterName	The name of the device that is shown in discman(1M) output.
partition=0-7	The partition number to test, such as partition=/6(/export/s6), if mounted on partition 6.
rawsub= enable disable	Enables or disables the Media subtest.
method=method	The Media Test Methods (SyncIO and AsyncIO). {SyncIO AsyncIO SyncIO+AsyncIO}
rawiosize=SiZe	The media size to transfer. Values equal: 2KB 16KB 32KB 64KB 128KB 256KB 512KB
<pre>fstest= enable disable</pre>	Enables or disables the File System subtest.
fssize=file-system-size	Indicates the File System subtest size in kilobytes or megabytes: • K k KB kb—kilobytes • M m MB mb—megabytes • {512KB 2MB 8MB 20MB 100MB 200MB}
fsiosize= file-system-size	Indicates the size of the file system subtest I/O transfer in bytes or kilobytes: {512B/1024B/10KB/40KB/80KB}
userpattern=0xpattern	Specifies a specific pattern for file system testing.
logcheck= enable disable	Checks the Sun StorEdge T3 array log for errors during test.
selectpattern= data-pattern	Specifies the data pattern to run either user, critical, or all.
rawcover=coverage	Specifies media coverage from 0-100% of the partition.
<pre>checkrdls= enable disable</pre>	Monitor read link status counters for errors.

Note – 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory:

/opt/SUNWvtsst/bin/sparcv9/testname. For more information, refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 5.

Sun StorEdge A3500FC Array Test (a3500fctest)

The a3500fctest(1M) test verifies the functionality of the Sun StorEdge A3500FC disk tray using four subtests: Media, File System, Write/Read Buffer, and Asynchronous I/O.

The file System subtest can be run only if the selected partition is mounted (described in TABLE 9-2).

An instance of a3500fctest is present for each LUN.

This chapter is organized as follows:

- "a3500fctest Test Options" on page 65
- "a3500fctest Test Modes" on page 70
- "a3500fctest Command-Line Syntax" on page 70

a3500fctest Test Options

To display the dialog box shown in FIGURE 9-1, right-click on the a3500fctest Test Parameter Options dialog box in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system might not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS 4.1 User's Guide* for more details.

- c3t5d0(a3500fct	est) Test Parameter Options
Configuration: Capacity: 6.00MB Vendor: Symbios SUN Id: StorEdgeA3500FCd Firmware Rev: 0301 Serial Number: 1T93000132 Port WWN: 200600a0b806bde	41
Options: Select Pattern Type:	▽ critical
User Defined Pattern:	[0x7e7e7e7e
Check RDLS counts:	● Enable
W/R Device Buffer Test:	■ Enable Disable
W/R Device Buffer Iterations:	Ĭ100
Test Media:	Enable ○ Disable
Partition:	● 2 ○ 6
Media Test Method:	✓ SynclO ✓ AsynclO
Media Coverage(%):	A▼ Ĭ1
Media Transfer Size:	√ 32KB
Test File System:	○ Enable
File System File Size:	√ 512KB
File System Transfer Size:	▼ 512B
Within Instance: Apply	, _
Across All Instances:	Apply —
Reset	Cancel

FIGURE 9-1 a3500fctest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

TABLE 9-1 describes the test mode options for the ${\tt a3500fctest}$ test.

 TABLE 9-1
 a3500fctest Configurations and Options

Options	Description
Partition	The partition for the Media subtest. If a partition is mounted, its mount point is appended after the partition number, such as $1(/usr)$, where 1 is the partition number and $/usr$ is the mount point.
Test Media	Enables or disables the Media subtest.
Media Test Method	Enables or disables the Media Test Methods (SyncIO or AsyncIO).
Media Coverage (%)	Tests all or part of a partition (in percentages).
Media Transfer Size	The transfer size of the Media subtest.
Test File System	Enables or disables the File System subtest.
File System File Size	Creates a file twice the size of what is specified.
File System Transfer Size	The transfer size of the File System subtest.
Check RDLS Counts	Monitor RDLS counts.
W/R Device Buffer Test	Enables or disables the W/R Device Buffer Test. Note: The Sun StorEdge A3500FC array firmware level must be at 3010360 or greater to support the W/R Device Buffer Test.
User Defined Pattern	User defined test pattern.
W/R Device Buffer Iterations	Specifies the number of times $\ensuremath{\mathrm{W/R}}$ are done to the internal buffer of the Sun StorEdge A3500FC array.
Select Pattern Type	Enables you to choose user, critical, or all pattern options.

 TABLE 9-1
 a3500fctest Configurations and Options (Continued)

Options	Description
Connection Test for LUN	 Option Menu for hard LUN partition—0 to 7 [default] Test Media—[Enable](fixed to Enable) Media Write Read Mode—[Read Only](fixed to Read Only) Media Test Method-[SyncIO] (fixed to SyncIO) Media Coverage(%)—1% Media Transfer Size—[2KB] Test File System—[Disable](fixed to Disable)
Functional Test for LUN	 Partition—0 to 7 [default] Test Media—[Enable Disable] Read Mode—[Read-only WriteRead] Media Test method—[SyncIO AsyncIO] Media Coverage(%)—1% Media Transfer Size—[2KB 16KB 32KB 64KB 128KB 256KB 512KB] Test File System—[Enable Disable] File System File Size—[512KB 2MB 8MB 20MB 100MB 200MB] File System Transfer Size—[512B 1024B 10KB 40KB 80KB] Test device buffer (wrdevbuf option) Number of times to run pattern (wrdevbufpasses option) User Defined FS Test Pattern (udptn option) Select Pattern Type (selectpattern option) {user critical all} User Defined Pattern (userpattern option)
Expert Test for LUN	 The Expert mode runs stexpert on the targeted LUN and its data path FRUs. If a failure is detected, the system might display a prompt to run stexpert interactively from the command line.

TABLE 9-2 describes the a3500fctest subtests.

TABLE 9-2a3500fctest Subtests

Subtest	Description
Media subtest	Verifies LUN media by reading data from the LUN. The Media subtest treats a LUN as one large chunk of contiguous data.
File System subtest	Verifies the LUN system's integrity. The File System subtest exercises the partition being tested to determine if it is mounted. If the partition is not already mounted or premounted, the test is blocked. The test opens two temporary files (of the size specified on File System File Size) and performs a read/write test.
Asynchronous I/O subtest	Uses the asynchronous read/write feature of the Solaris LUN driver to exercise the LUN. In read-only mode, the test sends a maximum of four asynchronous read packets, each with a random size and a random offset, into the selected partition. The test then waits for all outstanding I/O activity to complete before issuing another round of packets. This process continues until the whole area is tested. In read-write mode, one write packet is issued in every four read packets as a spot check of the write operation.
Write/Read Device Buffer subtest	This test verifies the Fibre Channel loop by performing a pattern test. If the write/read device buffer test fails on a particular device, there is a problem with an upstream Fibre Channel component, which may not be on the actual device where the test failed. Refer to Chapter 12 for information on using the stexpert(1M) command to isolate the problem.

a3500fctest Test Modes

The a3500fctest test modes are listed in TABLE 9-3.

TABLE 9-3 a3500fctest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	Yes	Only one instance of a3500fctest is allowed for each LUN device. a3500fctest displays messages and reports errors. The test also opens the LUN, checks the LUN configuration, reads a few blocks, and then closes the LUN. No File System subtest is run. No Write option is available in Connection test mode.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	Both the File System and Media subtests can be run in offline Functional test mode.
Expert (Offline)	Yes	The Expert mode runs stexpert on the targeted LUN and its data path FRUs. If a failure is detected you might be requested to run stexpert interactively from the command line.

a3500fctest Command-Line Syntax

The a3500fctest command-line syntax is as follows:

```
/opt/SUNWvtsst/bin/a3500fctest standard-arguments -o\
dev=RegisterName,partition=0-7,rawsub=enable|disable, \
rawcover=percent,method=method,rawiosize=size, \
fstest=enable|disable,fssize=file-system-size,fsiosize=IO-transfer-size, \
wrdevbuf=enable|disable,wrdevbufiterations=passes-per-pattern, \
selectpattern=user|critical|all,userpattern=0xPattern, \
checkrdls=enable|disable
```

TABLE 9-4 describes each of the arguments associated with ${\tt a3500fctest}.$

TABLE 9-4a3500fctest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation
dev=RegisterName	The name of the device that is shown in discman(1M) output.
partition=0-7	Specifies the partition number to test, such as partition=6(/export/s6), if mounted on partition 6.
rawsub= enable disable	Enables or disables the Media subtest.
method=method	The Media Test Methods (SyncIO and AsyncIO).
rawcover=percent	The media coverage (from $0-100\%$ of the partition).
rawiosize=size	The media size to transfer. The values can be: 2KB 16KB 32KB 64KB 128KB 256KB 512KB
<pre>fstest= enable disable</pre>	Enables or disables the File System subtest.
fssize=file-system-size	Indicates the File System subtest size in kilobytes or megabytes: • K k /KB kb—kilobytes • M m MB mb—megabytes • {512KB 2MB 8MB 20MB 100MB 200MB}
fsiosize= I/O-transfer-size	Indicates the size of the file system subtest I/O transfer in bytes or kilobytes: $\{512B\ \ 1024B\ \ 10KB\ \ 40KB\ \ 80KB\}$
<pre>wrdevbuf= enable disable</pre>	Runs the Write/Read device buffer test on a specified LUN.
wrdevbufiterations =passes_per_pattern	Runs the specified number of each pattern to the Write/Read Buffer on the disk.
userpattern=0xpattern	Sspecifies a specific pattern for file system testing.
<pre>selectpattern= user critical all</pre>	critical is the top most critical patterns for fault detection. all is the complete list of hexadecimal patterns for fault detection. all patterns also includes the critical patterns. The default is critical.
<pre>checkrdls= enable disable</pre>	Monitor read link status counters for errors.

Note – If you are using the sequential option for the fspattern option, make sure the File System File Size is appropriate for the File System Transfer Size. For example, if the File System File Size selected is 512 Kbytes and the File System Transfer Size is 512 bytes, 1024 patterns can be run.

Note — 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvtsst/bin/sparcv9/testname. For more information, refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 4.

Sun Fire 880 FC-AL Disk Test (daktest)

The daktest(1M) test verifies the functionality of the Internal Fibre Channel disk using five subtests: Media, File System, Asynchronous I/O, Write/Read Buffer, and Self Test.

The file System subtest can only be run if the selected partition is mounted (described in TABLE 10-2).

An instance of daktest is present for each internal fibre channel disk.

This chapter is organized as follows:

- "daktest Test Options" on page 73
- "daktest Test Modes" on page 78
- "daktest Command-Line Syntax" on page 78

daktest Test Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the daktest Test Parameter Options name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system might not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS 4.1 User's Guide* for more details.

c1t0d0-slot0(dak	test) Test Parameter Options
Configuration: Capacity: 8.43GB Vendor: SEAGATE SUN Id: ST39102FCSUN9.0G Firmware Rev: 0728 Serial Number: LJG43266000 Port WWN: 21000020371b17	
Options: Select Pattern Type:	▽ critical
User Defined Pattern:	<u>[</u> 0x7e7e7e7e
Check RDLS counts:	■ Enable Disable
Disk Self Test:	_ Enable _ Disable
W/R Device Buffer Test:	■ Enable Disable
W/R Device Buffer Iterations:	<u>1</u> 100
Test Media:	■ Enable Disable
Partition:	√ 0(/)
Media Test Method:	✓ SynclO ✓ AsynclO
Media Coverage(%):	
Media Transfer Size:	√ 32KB
Test File System:	● Enable ○ Disable
File System File Size:	√ 512KB
File System Transfer Size:	▽ 512B
Within Instance: Apply	
Across All Instances:	Apply —

FIGURE 10-1 daktest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

TABLE 10-1 describes the test mode options for the ${\tt daktest}$ test.

TABLE 10-1 daktest Options

Options	Description
Partition	The partition for the Media subtest. If a partition is mounted, its mount point is appended after the partition number, such as 1(/usr), where 1 is the partition number and /usr is the mount point.
Check RDLS Counts	Monitor RDLS counts.
Test Media	Enables or disables the Media subtest.
Media Test Method	Enables or disables the Media Test Methods (SyncIO or AsyncIO).
Media Coverage (%)	Tests all or part of a partition (in percentages).
Media Transfer Size	The transfer size of the Media subtest.
Test File System	Enables or disables the File System subtest.
File System File Size	Creates a file twice the size of what is specified.
File System Transfer Size	The transfer size of the File System subtest.
User Defined Pattern	Enables users to choose their own pattern.
W/R Device Buffer Test	Enables or disables the W/R Device Buffer Test
Select Pattern Type	Enables you to choose user, critical, and all options.

 TABLE 10-1
 daktest Options (Continued)

Options	Description
Connection Test for Hard Disk	 Option Menu for hard disk partition—0 to 7 [default] Test Media—[Enable](fixed to Enable) Media Write Read Mode—[Read Only](fixed to Read Only) Media Test Method-[SyncIO] (fixed to SyncIO) Media Coverage(%)—1% Media Transfer Size—[2KB] Test File System—[Disable](fixed to Disable)
Functional Test for Disk	 Partition—0 to 7 [default] Test Media—[enable disable] Read Mode—[read-only writeread] Media Test method—[SyncIO AsyncIO] Media Coverage(%)—1% Media Transfer Size—[2KB 16KB 32KB 64KB 128KB 256KB 512KB] Test File System—[Enable Disable] File System File Size—[512KB 2MB 8MB 20MB 100MB 200MB] File System Transfer Size—[512B 1024B 10KB 40KB 80KB] Test device buffer (wrdevbuf option) Run all patterns (allwrdevbufptn option) Run pattern (wrdevbufptn option) Number of times to run pattern (wrdevbufpasses option) User Defined FS Test Pattern (udptn option) Select Pattern Type (selectpattern option)—{user critical all} User Defined Test Device Buffer Pattern (userpattern option)
Expert Test for Disk	• The Expert mode runs stexpert on the targeted disk and its data path FRUs. If a failure is detected the system might display a prompt to run stexpert interactively from the command line.

TABLE 10-2 describes the daktest subtests.

TABLE 10-2 daktest Subtests

Subtest	Description
Media subtest	Verifies disk media by reading data from the disk. The Media subtest treats a disk as one large chunk of contiguous data.
File System subtest	Verifies the disk system's integrity. The File System subtest exercises the partition being tested to determine if it is mounted. If the partition is not already mounted or premounted, the test is blocked. The test opens two temporary files (of the size specified on File System File Size) and performs a read/write test.
Asynchronous I/O subtest	Uses the asynchronous read/write feature of the Solaris disk driver to exercise the disk. In read-only mode, the test sends a maximum of four asynchronous read packets, each with a random size and a random offset, into the selected partition. The test then waits for all outstanding I/O activity to complete before issuing another round of packets. This process continues until the whole area is tested. In read-write mode, one write packet is issued in every four read packets as a spot check of the write operation.
Write/Read Device Buffer subtest	Verifies the Fibre Channel loop by performing a pattern test. If the write/read device buffer test fails on a particular device, there is a problem with an upstream fibre channel component, which may not be on the actual device where the test failed. Refer to Chapter 12 for information on using the stexpert(1M) command to isolate the problem.
Self Test	Prompts a device to run its internal diagnostics. If the device fails on this test, check the error message for a more detailed description.

daktest Test Modes

The daktest test modes are listed in TABLE 10-3.

TABLE 10-3 daktest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	Yes	Only one instance of daktest is allowed for each disk device. daktest displays messages and reports errors. The test also opens the disk, checks the disk configuration, reads a few blocks, and then closes the disk. No File System subtest is run. No Write option is available in Connection test mode.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	More than one instance of daktest is allowed for one disk. Both the File System and Media subtests can be run in offline Functional test mode.
Expert (Offline)	Yes	The Expert mode runs stexpert on the targeted LUN and its data path FRUs. If a failure is detected, the system might display a prompt to run stexpert interactively from the command line.

daktest Command-Line Syntax

The daktest command-line syntax is as follows:

```
/opt/SUNWvtsst/bin/daktest standard_arguments -o \
    dev=RegisterName,partition=0-7,rawsub=enable|disable,\
    rawcover=coverage,method=method,rawiosize=size,\
    fstest=enable|disable,fssize=file-system-size,\
    fsiosize=IO-transfer-size,selftest=enable|disable,\
    wrdevbuf=enable|disable,checkrdls=enable|disable,\
    wrdevbufiterations=passes-per-pattern,checkrdls=enable|disable,\
    selectpattern=user|critical|all,userpattern=0xPattern
```

TABLE 10-4 describes each of the arguments associated with ${\tt daktest.}$

TABLE 10-4 daktest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
dev=RegisterName	The name of the device that is shown in discman(1M) output.
partition=0-7	The partition number to test, such as partition=6(/export/s6), if mounted on partition 6.
rawsub= enable disable	Enables or disables the Media subtest.
method=method	The Media Test Methods (SyncIO and AsyncIO).
rawcover=percent	The media coverage from $0-100\%$ of the partition.
rawiosize=size	Specifies the media size to transfer. Values can be: 2KB \mid 16KB \mid 32KB \mid 64KB \mid 128KB \mid 256KB \mid 512KB
fstest= enable disable	Enables or disables the File System subtest.
userpattern= data-pattern	Specifies a specific pattern for file system testing.
fssize=file-system-size	Indicates the File System subtest size in kilobytes or megabytes: • K k KB kb—kilobytes • M m MB mb—megabytes • {512KB 2MB 8MB 20MB 100MB 200MB}
fsiosize= IO-transfer-size	Indicates the size of the file system subtest I/O transfer in bytes or kilobytes: $\{512B\ \ 1024B\ \ 10KB\ \ 40KB\ \ 80KB\}$
selftest = enable disable	Runs the specified disks internal diagnostics if any are available.
wrdevbuf= enable disable	Runs the Write/Read device buffer test on a specified disk.
selectpattern= user critical all	critical is the 10 most critical patterns for fault detection. all is the complete list of hexadecimal patterns for fault detection. all patterns also includes the critical patterns. The default is critical.
wrdevbufiterations =passes-per-pattern	Runs the specified number of each pattern to the Write/Read buffer on the disk.
checkrdls= enable disable	Monitor read link status counters for errors.

Note — 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvtsst/bin/sparcv9/*testname*. For more information, refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 5.

Sun StorEdge Internal Fibre Channel Disk Test (fcdisktest)

The fcdisktest(1M) test verifies the functionality of the Internal Fibre Channel disk using five subtests: Media, File System, Asynchronous I/O, Write/Read Buffer, and Self Test.

The file System subtest can only be run if the selected partition is mounted (described in TABLE 11-2).

An instance of fcdisktest is present for each internal fibre channel disk.

This chapter is organized as follows:

- "fcdisktest Test Options" on page 81
- "fcdisktest Test Modes" on page 86
- "fcdisktest Command-Line Syntax" on page 86

fcdisktest Test Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the fcdisktest Test Parameter Options name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system might not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the SunVTS 4.1 User's Guide for more details.

− c0t0d0(fcdiskte	st) Test Parameter Options
Configuration: Capacity: 8,43GB Vendor: SEAGATE SUN 1d: ST39103FCSUN9.0G Firmware Rev: 034A Serial Number: LS363655000 Port WWN: 210000203719ae	-
Options: Select Pattern Type:	▽ critical
User Defined Pattern:	Ĭ0×7e7e7e7e
Check RDLS counts:	■ Enable Disable
Disk Self Test:	◯ Enable ● Disable
W/R Device Buffer Test:	■ Enable Disable
W/R Device Buffer Iterations:	Ĭ100
Test Media:	■ Enable Disable
Partition:	V 0
Media Test Method:	✓ SynclO ✓ AsynclO
Media Coverage(%):	▲▼ [1
Media Transfer Size:	√ 32KB
Test File System:	◯ Enable
File System File Size:	√ 512KB
File System Transfer Size:	▼ 512B
Within Instance: Apply	
Across All Instances:	Apply —

FIGURE 11-1 fcdisktest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

TABLE 11-1 describes the test mode options for the ${\tt fcdisktest}$ test.

TABLE 11-1 fcdisktest Options

Options	Description
Partition	The partition for the Media subtest. If a partition is mounted, its mount point is appended after the partition number, such as 1(/usr), where 1 is the partition number and /usr is the mount point.
Check RDLS Counts	Monitor RDLS counts.
Test Media	Enables or disables the Media subtest.
Media Test Method	Enables or disables the Media Test Methods (SyncIO or AsyncIO).
Media Coverage (%)	Tests all or part of a partition (in percentages).
Media Transfer Size	The transfer size of the Media subtest.
Test File System	Enables or disables the File System subtest.
File System File Size	Creates a file twice the size of what is specified.
File System Transfer Size	The transfer size of the File System subtest.
User Defined Pattern	Enables users to choose their own pattern.
W/R Device Buffer Test	Enables or disables the W/R Device Buffer Test
Select Pattern Type	Enables you to choose user, critical, and all options.

 TABLE 11-1
 fcdisktest Options (Continued)

Options	Description
Connection Test for Hard Disk	 Option Menu for hard disk partition—0 to 7 [default] Test Media—[Enable](fixed to Enable) Media Write Read Mode—[Read Only](fixed to Read Only) Media Test Method-[SyncIO] (fixed to SyncIO) Media Coverage(%)—1% Media Transfer Size—[2KB] Test File System—[Disable](fixed to Disable)
Functional Test for Disk	 Partition—0 to 7 [default] Test Media—[enable disable] Read Mode—[read-only writeread] Media Test method—[SyncIO AsyncIO] Media Coverage(%)—1% Media Transfer Size—[2KB 16KB 32KB 64KB 128KB 256KB 512KB] Test File System—[Enable Disable] File System File Size—[512KB 2MB 8MB 20MB 100MB 200MB] File System Transfer Size—[512B 1024B 10KB 40KB 80KB] Test device buffer (wrdevbuf option) Run all patterns (allwrdevbufptn option) Run pattern (wrdevbufptn option) Number of times to run pattern (wrdevbufpasses option) User Defined FS Test Pattern (udptn option) Select Pattern Type (selectpattern option)—{user critical all} User Defined Test Device Buffer Pattern (wrdevbufptn option)
Expert Test for Disk	• The Expert mode runs stexpert on the targeted disk and its data path FRUs. If a failure is detected the system might display a prompt to run stexpert interactively from the command line.

TABLE 11-2 describes the fcdisktest subtests.

TABLE 11-2 fcdisktest Subtests

Subtest	Description
Media subtest	Verifies disk media by reading data from the disk. The Media subtest treats a disk as one large chunk of contiguous data.
File System subtest	Verifies the disk system's integrity. The File System subtest exercises the partition being tested to determine if it is mounted. If the partition is not already mounted or premounted, the test is blocked. The test opens two temporary files (of the size specified on File System File Size) and performs a read/write test.
Asynchronous I/O subtest	Uses the asynchronous read/write feature of the Solaris disk driver to exercise the disk. In read-only mode, the test sends a maximum of four asynchronous read packets, each with a random size and a random offset, into the selected partition. The test then waits for all outstanding I/O activity to complete before issuing another round of packets. This process continues until the whole area is tested. In read-write mode, one write packet is issued in every four read packets as a spot check of the write operation.
Write/Read Device Buffer subtest	Verifies the Fibre Channel loop by performing a pattern test. If the write/read device buffer test fails on a particular device, there is a problem with an upstream fibre channel component, which may not be on the actual device where the test failed. Refer to Chapter 12 for information on using the stexpert(1M) command to isolate the problem.
Self Test	Prompts a device to run its internal diagnostics. If the device fails on this test, check the error message for a more detailed description.

fcdisktest Test Modes

The fcdisktest test modes are listed in TABLE 11-3.

TABLE 11-3 fcdisktest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	Yes	Only one instance of fcdisktest is allowed for each disk device. fcdisktest displays messages and reports errors. The test also opens the disk, checks the disk configuration, reads a few blocks, and then closes the disk. No File System subtest is run. No Write option is available in Connection test mode.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	More than one instance of fcdisktest is allowed for one disk. Both the File System and Media subtests can be run in offline Functional test mode.
Expert (Offline)	Yes	The Expert mode runs stexpert on the targeted LUN and its data path FRUs. If a failure is detected, the system might display a prompt to run stexpert interactively from the command line.

fcdisktest Command-Line Syntax

The fcdisktest command-line syntax is as follows:

```
/opt/SUNWvtsst/bin/fcdisktest standard_arguments -o \
    dev=RegisterName,partition=0-7,rawsub=enable|disable,\
    rawcover=coverage,method=method,rawiosize=size,\
    fstest=enable|disable,fssize=file-system-size,\
    fsiosize=IO-transfer-size,selftest=enable|disable,\
    wrdevbuf=enable|disable,checkrdls=enable|disable,\
    selectpattern=user|critical|all,userpattern=0xPattern,\
    wrdevbufiterations=passes-per-pattern
```

TABLE 11-4 describes each of the arguments associated with ${\tt fcdisktest}$.

TABLE 11-4 fcdisktest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
dev=RegisterName	The name of the device that is shown in discman(1M) output.
partition=0-7	The partition number to test, such as partition=6(/export/s6), if mounted on partition 6.
rawsub= enable disable	Enables or disables the Media subtest.
method=method	The Media Test Methods (SyncIO and AsyncIO).
rawcover=percent	The media coverage from $0-100\%$ of the partition.
rawiosize=size	Specifies the media size to transfer. Values can be: 2KB \mid 16KB \mid 32KB \mid 64KB \mid 128KB \mid 256KB \mid 512KB
fstest= enable disable	Enables or disables the File System subtest.
userpattern= data-pattern	Specifies a specific pattern for file system testing.
fssize=file-system-size	Indicates the File System subtest size in kilobytes or megabytes: • K k KB kb—kilobytes • M m MB mb—megabytes • {512KB 2MB 8MB 20MB 100MB 200MB}
fsiosize= IO-transfer-size	Indicates the size of the file system subtest I/O transfer in bytes or kilobytes: $\{512B\ \ 1024B\ \ 10KB\ \ 40KB\ \ 80KB\}$
<pre>selftest= enable disable</pre>	Runs the specified disks internal diagnostics if any are available.
wrdevbuf= enable disable	Runs the Write/Read device buffer test on a specified disk.
selectpattern= user critical all	wrdbptn uses the pattern for the W/R device buffer. critical is the 10 most critical patterns for fault detection. all is the complete list of hexadecimal patterns for fault detection. all patterns also includes the critical patterns. The default is critical.
wrdevbufiterations =passes-per-pattern	Runs the specified number of each pattern to the Write/Read buffer on the disk.
checkrdls= enable disable	Monitor read link status counters for errors.

Note — 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvtsst/bin/sparcv9/testname. For more information, refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 5.

Sun StorEdge Fibre Channel Tape Test (fctapetest)

The fctapetest (1M) synchronous I/O test writes a pattern on the tape. It fctapetest then rewinds the tape and reads and compares the data just written. The fctapetest asynchronous I/O test sends a series of up to five asynchronous read/write requests to the tape drive, writing to the tape and then reading and comparing the data. The terms asynchronous and synchronous referred to here, and in the "method" field are not related to the SCSI messaging terms of the same name. The fctapetest file test writes four files to the tape and then reads them back, comparing the data.

The fctapetest diagnostic provides a variety of tests for Sun-supported Fibre Channel tape drives. The fctapetest does not test the tape library; it presumes that the user of the diagnostic either uses tape-library management software or manually inserts tapes into the drives.

This chapter is organized as follows:

- "fctapetest Test Requirements" on page 89
- "fctapetest Test Options" on page 90
- "fctapetest Test Modes" on page 93
- "fctapetest Command-Line Syntax" on page 93

fctapetest Test Requirements

If you have a Sun Fibre Channel tape drive in your system, load a blank writable tape (scratch tape) before you start the StorTools application.



Caution – If you mount a tape containing valid data, that data will be overwritten by the fctapetest diagnostic.

If a tape is not mounted in a drive when fctapetest is started, the following error is displayed:

```
05/24/01 22:04:46 diag246.Central.Sun.COM StorTools 4.2: VTSID
6002 fctapetest.
   ERROR rmt/21: "Cannot open /dev/rmt/2c: I/O error."
   Probable_Cause(s):
      (1)No tape media in drive
      (2)Faulty upstream Fibre Channel Device such as
            hba/gbic/hub/switch/cable/tape
Recommended_Action(s):
      (1)Put a tape in the drive
      (2)Run stexpert -I -o dev=Tape-500104f000413819 from the
            cli to isolate the failing FRU.
      (3)If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service
            provider.
```

fctapetest Test Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the fctapetest Test Parameter Option name in the System Map. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS 4.1 User's Guide* for more details.

fctapetest supports Sun Fibre Channel tape devices. The options available for each of the tape devices may differ slightly. An example of the Options dialog box for a device is shown in FIGURE 12-1.

The Async I/O subtest uses the asynchronous read and write feature of the Solaris tape driver to exercise tape drives. In read-only mode the test sends a maximum of four asynchronous read packets, each with a random size and a random offset, to the tape drive. The test then waits for all outstanding I/O activity to complete before issuing another round of packets. This process continues until the whole area being tested has been covered. In read-write mode, one write packet is issued for every four read packets to ensure a spot check of the write operation. The area of the tape to be tested is written to first, this way the test works correctly.

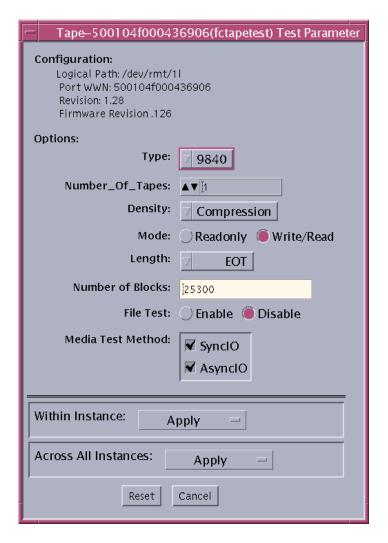


FIGURE 12-1 fctapetest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box (Fibre Channel Tape Drive)

Note – This test does not immediately stop after you click "Stop" on the StorTools main GUI window.

TABLE 12-1 describes the test mode options for the fctapetest test.

TABLE 12-1 fctapetest Options

- Totapecese options		
Options	Description	
Туре	Normal tape drive or tape library (stacker).	
Number_of_Tapes	This option applies only to tape libraries that have a stacker mode and are configured to run in stacker mode. Because no Sun supported Fibre Channel tape drives have stacker capable tape libraries, this option is ignored.	
Density	 The following settings are available for most tape drives: Low—Tests the 1 tape device. Medium—Tests the m tape device. Compression—Tests the c tape device. All—Tests the 1, m, and c tape devices. 	
Mode	If you enable Write/Read mode, the test first writes to the tape and then reads it back to compare. If you enable Read-only mode, the test assumes the tape has been properly written and merely reads it. This mode is useful to check proper head alignment.	
Length	 The amount of the tape to be tested. The choices are: EOT: The default; tests the entire tape. Long: Tests 70,000 blocks of the tape. Short: Only the first 1000 blocks are tested. Specified: You must type the number of blocks to be tested in the number of blocks field. 	
Number of Blocks	If you select Specified under the Length option, you must type the number of blocks you want to test.	
File Test	 The tape file test sequence is as follows: Writes three files. Rewinds. Reads part of the first file. Forward spaces to the start of the second file. Reads the second file. Forward spaces to the start of the third file. Tries to read to the end of that file for SCSI tapes only. The tape file test tries to backspace to the start of the second file and read it. 	
Media Test Method	 Sync I/O—tapetest reads/writes the number of blocks selected in Length. Async I/O—tapetest makes four asynchronous read requests to the tape drive. If read and write testing is selected, one asynchronous write request is also sent. The test continues after completing the requests. 	

fctapetest Test Modes

The fctapetest test modes are listed in TABLE 12-2.

TABLE 12-2 fctapetest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	Yes	Verifies that the drive can be opened and that the drive type can be determined. If both checks are successful, or if the drive is currently busy, the test passes. The fctapetest fails if the open operation is unsuccessful for any reason other than the drive is busy.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	Checks the status, rewinds the tape, and erases it. If the device is a cartridge tape, fctapetest writes a pattern to EOT (default), rewinds the tape, and then reads and compares of the pattern.
Expert (Offline)	Yes	The Expert mode runs stexpert on the targeted tape drive and its data path FRUs. If a failure is detected, the system might display a prompt to run stexpert interactively from the command line.

fctapetest Command-Line Syntax

The fctapetest command-line syntax is as follows:

```
/opt/SUNWvts/bin/fctapetest standard_arguments -f -o \
dev=RegisterName, s=block-count, m=mode, 1=length, \
method=method, ft=enable | disable, dat=dat-type, num=magazine-size
```

TABLE 12-3 describes the arguments associated with the fctapetest test.

 TABLE 12-3
 fctapetest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation	
-0	Used to indicate that the options and arguments that follow are test-specific.	
dev=RegisterName	The RegisterName is the name of the device that is shown in discman(1M) output.	
-f	Offline mode. Unless this option is specified, only the Readonly tests are run. The -f option must appear on the command line before the -o option.	
m=mode	Setting $\ensuremath{\mathtt{m}}$ to Readonly test the drive as a read-only device. The default mode is Readwrite.	
1=length	Specifies the length of the test (EOT, Specified, Long, or Short). The default is Specified.	
s=block-count	When 1 is set to "Specified," use this argument for the count of the number of blocks to read/write on the tape. The default is 2^{31} -1.	
method=method	Run synchronous tests (S), asynchronous tests (A), or both (A+S). Note: This option does not invoke the SCSI message "synchronous" data transfer request. It is only asynchronous or synchronous in nature. The default is synchronous.	
ft= enable disable	enable the file test (ft). The default value is disable.	
dat=dat-type	If your tape library has a stacker-library mode and it is enabled, this instructs fctapetest to test multiple tape cartridges in the test. The number of tapes is specified in the num argument. The default is no stacker library.	
num=magazine-size	If your tape library has a stacker-library mode and it is enabled, specify the number of cartridges to use. The default is one tape.	

Note - 64-bit tests are located in the sparcy9 subdirectory:

/opt/SUNWvtsst/bin/sparcv9/testname. For more information, refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 5.

Sun StorEdge Network FC Switch-8 and Switch-16 Test (switchtest)

The switchtest(1M) test is used to diagnose the Sun StorEdge FC network switch-8 and switch-16 devices. The switchtest process also provides command-line access to switch diagnostics. switchtest supports testing on local and remote switches.

switchtest runs the port diagnostic on connected switch ports. While switchtest is running, the port statistics are monitored for errors.

This chapter is organized as follows:

- "switchtest Test Options" on page 95
- "Fibre Channel Device Names" on page 98
- "switchtest Test Modes" on page 99
- "switchtest Command-Line Syntax" on page 100

switchtest Test Options

The configuration window in the switchtest Test Parameter Options dialog box shows the switch information, which includes:

- SW IP Address—The IP address of the switch
- SW IP Name—The name of the switch in /etc/fcswitch.conf
- SW Port—The switch port number for this instance of the test
- SW Flash—The version of Flash on the Switch
- SW PROM HW—The version of the switch hardware
- SW PROM SW—The base version of the software

- SW Flash SW—The version number of the flash software
- SW HW Version—Vendor hardware version
- SW MAC Address—Switch MAC address
- SW Max Ports—Maximum number of ports on the switch
- GBIC 1-*n*—The type of GBIC that is inserted into the switch port. The types can be optical shortwave, optical longwave, copper, and none installed.

You can modify the following options using Test Parameter Options dialog box.

- Transfer size—The transfer count for the port test, between 250 and 2000.
- Iterations—The number of iterations the port test should run, between 0 and 1000000.
- User Defined Pattern—The default pattern, in hexadecimal format, to be used for the port test. You can also enter the hexadecimal pattern to run for the test.
- Select Pattern Type—Gives the user the choice of running the one user pattern, critical patterns (10 of the most critical patterns) or all patterns (a complete list of test patterns).

You cannot use switchtest to test F-port types. For point-to-point connections (that is, the F-port), the Sun StorEdge network FC switch-8 and switch-16 switch uses the ELS ECHO command instead of ELS TEST. The ELS ECHO command is not support by the fabric host bus adapters.

The switchtest options are shown in FIGURE 13-1.

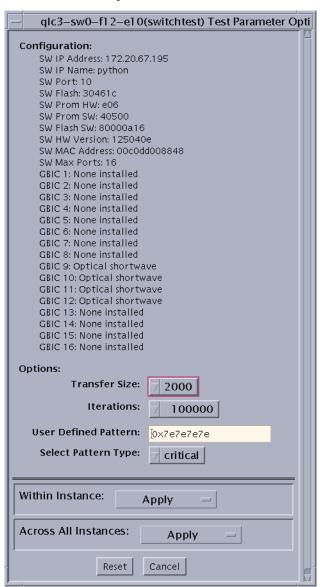


FIGURE 13-1 switchtest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

Fibre Channel Device Names

This section provides descriptions for device names and Fibre Channel port types

The device name fc-8p-sw0-dp7 is interpreted as a Fibre Channel 8-port switch with data port 7 as the destination port.

The Fibre Channel device name abbreviations are listed in TABLE 13-1

TABLE 13-1 Fibre Channel Device Name Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Meaning
dp	Data port (Fibre Channel port connect to a storage device (SL Zone)).
e	E_PORT Fibre Channel port connected to a Fibre Channel port on another switch.
f	F_PORT fabric port - port connected to a HBA.
fl	FL_PORT - Connection to multiple HBAs on a single port.
НВА	Host bus adapter (card plugged into bus slot on host).
ip	Initiator port (Fibre Channel port connected to the host's HBA (SL Zone)).
р	Number of ports on switch, either 8 or 16.
qlc	Sun StorEdge PCI Dual Fibre Channel Network Controller HBA 1.
sw	Fibre Channel switch 1 (local switch in this example).
е	Connected to a remote switch.
tl	(TL_PORT) Connection to private loop storage devices (for example, Sun StorEdge A5200 array).

An example use of the names are shown in TABLE 13-2.

TABLE 13-2 Example Use of Fibre Channel Names

Device Name	Meaning
qlc0-sw0-fl13-e16	Sun StorEdge PCI Dual Fibre Channel Network Controller HBA 0, connected to switch 0 on fabric loop port 13, which is connected to port 16, which is an eport that is number 16.
qlc0-sw0-fl13-e16- sw1-e8	Sun StorEdge PCI Dual Fibre Channel Network Controller HBA 0 connected to switch 0 on port 13, which is connected to port 16, which is an eport connected to remote switch 1 port number 8.
qlc0-sw0-fl13-e16- sw1-e8-tl7	Sun StorEdge PCI Dual Fibre Channel Network Controller HBA 0 connected to switch 0 on port 13, which is connected to port 16, which is a eport connected to remote switch 1 port 8, which is connected to storage on port 7 (TL_PORT).

switchtest Test Modes

The switchtest test modes are listed in TABLE 13-3.

TABLE 13-3 switchtest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	Yes	Performs only an open/close operation.
Functional	Yes	Runs the port loopback test.
Expert	No	Expert is supported only when an end device (such as a LUN) is selected.

switchtest Command-Line Syntax

The switchtest test command-line syntax is as follows:

/opt/SUNWvtsst/bin/switchtest standard-arguments -o \
 dev=RegisterName,xfersize=number,iterations=number, \
 userpattern=0xpattern,selectpattern=choice

TABLE 13-4 describes the arguments associated with the switchtes test.

TABLE 13-4 Standard Command-Line Arguments

Argument	Description
dev=RegisterName	The name of the device that is shown in discman(1M) output.
xfersize=number	The transfer count. The range is 250 to 2000.
iterations=number	The number of iterations the port test should run. The range is: 0 to 1000000 .
userpattern=pattern	User-specific pattern in hexadecimal, for example 0x4a4a4a4a.
selectpattern= user critical all	choicepattern uses the pattern entered. critical is the top most critical patterns for fault detection. all is the complete list of hexadecimal patterns for fault detection. all patterns also includes the critical patterns. The default is critical.

Note – 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory:

/opt/SUNWvtsst/bin/sparcv9/testname. For more information, refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 5.

StorTools Expert (stexpert)

The StorTools Expert (stexpert(1M)) test is a heuristic-based expert system aimed at end-to-end path testing. It examines the configuration of malfunctioning FC-AL paths and applies the diagnostics in the StorTools toolkit to isolate the suspect components. The stexpert test processes established rules from the stexpert rule base and executes standalone diagnostics to test elements of the path from devices to HBAs.

This chapter is organized as follows:

- "Overview" on page 101
- "stexpert Command-Line Syntax" on page 105
- "StorTools Expert Output" on page 108

Overview

The algorithms used by stexpert vary according to the FC-AL path configuration. During execution, individual component test sessions are run by the appropriate component tests. Each component's test session is logged to a file. Successful sessions delete their session logs to conserve space on the disk. If a session fails, its log is kept and the session name is recorded in the stexpert.log for reporting purposes.

Upon completion, stexpert displays a list of suspected components. You should change the suspected failing components and either re-run stexpert or validate each replaced component using its associated StorTools functional test.

Note – Do not run customer applications while executing the stexpert test. The stexpert test forces FC-AL attached devices offline during HBA testing or during manual intervention sequences when you are asked to disconnect or substitute components during the isolation process. See Chapter 5 for more information on the qlctest test.

The stexpert test can affect switch counters. It can also cause event notification by the Network Storage Agent software.

The StorTools Expert provides a set of diagnostic programs that test specific components or groups of components in an intelligent manner. Each program returns either pass or fail status upon completion. This return status is then used by stexpert to select the next action from the stexpert rulebase. This type of testing provides offline field-replaceable unit (FRU) isolation.

You can start the StorTools Expert from the command line or from the StorTools GUI.

To run the StorTools Expert from the command line:

- 1. Become super user.
- 2. Change to the appropriate StorTools directory.

Use the executable in /opt/SUNWvtsst/bin for 32-bit operation or /opt/SUNWvtsst/bin/sparcv9 for 64-bit operation. Use the isainfo(1) to determine your architecture. For example:

```
# isainfo -b
64
#
```

3. Start the StorTools Expert command with the appropriate options.

```
# ./stexpert -v -I -o dev=c7t60020F20000009453AB622AC00061462d0
...
#
```

To run StorTools Expert from the GUI:

- 1. Become super user.
- 2. Change to the appropriate StorTools directory.

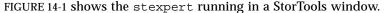
Use the executable in /opt/SUNWvtsst/bin for 32-bit operation or /opt/SUNWvtsst/bin/sparcv9 for 64-bit operation. Use the isainfo(1) to determine your architecture. For example:

```
# isainfo -b
64
#
```

3. Start the stortools GUI.

```
# stortools
```

- 4. Click the StorTools Expert radio button and select intervention.
- 5. Select the storage devices and click on the StorTools Start button.



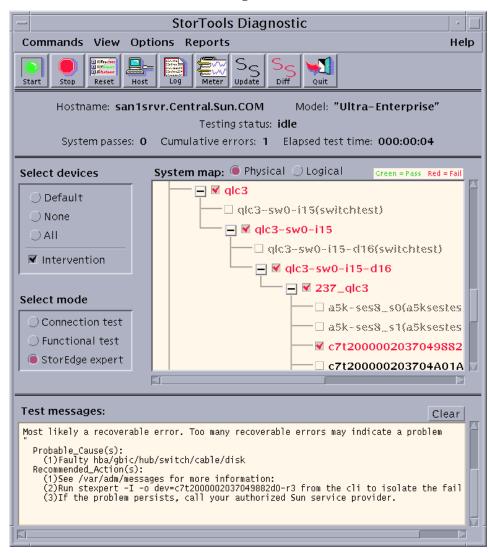


FIGURE 14-1 stexpert Running a Test on a Sun StorEdge A5x00 Array

The stexpert GUI options are shown in FIGURE 14-2. These options are available from the toolbar, under Options.

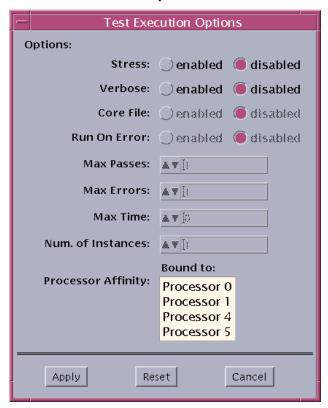


FIGURE 14-2 stexpert Test Execution Options

stexpert Command-Line Syntax

The target of stexpert is the *RegisterName* output from discman(1M). Use the discman -s command to view the register names contained in the snapshot.log file (/var/opt/SUNWvtsst/logs/snapshot.log). Use format(1M) to see the current cntndn numbers on your host. When specifying a device on the command line, the device must be slice 2.

When using stexpert with the Sun StorEdge Traffic Manager software (MPxIO), you can use either the physical name or the registered name.

The following example shows the typical CLI invocation of stexpert to the suspect device path c7t200000203704A01Ad0-r6. This example specifies user interaction (-I), verbose (-v), and targets a single FC-AL device on the suspect path.

```
# stexpert -I -v -o dev=c7t200000203704A01Ad0-r6
```

The following example is a variant of the typical CLI invocation. Like the previous example, it specifies user interaction, quick test mode, and verbose, but the -a option instructs stexpert to test all attached FC-AL storage.

```
# stexpert -I -v -a
```

When using the command line form of stexpert, you must invoke the command from the correct directory dependent on which version of the Solaris environment you are using. The 32-bit version of Sun StorTools Expert is located in /opt/SUNWvtsst/bin. The 64-bit version is in /opt/SUNWvtsst/bin/sparcv9. If you run the stexpert test from the StorTools GUI, only Sun StorEdge Fibre Channel disks, Fibre Channel tapes, and LUNs can be used as target devices; all other selection choices are greyed out.

```
# isainfo -b
64
# /opt/SUNWvtsst/bin/sparcv9/stexpert -u
stexpert: USAGE: stexpert options
WHERE: options
                     explanation
      -a
                     test all target FC devices
      -A
                     test all paths to an MPxIO device
       -d
                     disable debug messages to stexpert.dbg
      -e
                     stress testing
      -I
                     user intervention required
      -m #
                     percentage of media
                     test target device
      -o dev=
                     shows this message
      -u
                      verbose
       -v
# /opt/SUNWvtsst/bin/sparcv9/stexpert -v -I -o dev=c7t200000203704A01Ad0-r6
05/09/01 14:13:31 STARTED: stexpert on c7t200000203704A01Ad0-r6
05/09/01 14:13:31 STARTED: c5t86d0-r6
05/09/01 14:13:31 NOTICE: Executing SCSI w/r buffer stress_test
05/09/01 14:13:31 NOTICE: Completed SCSI w/r buffer stress test
05/09/01 14:13:31 COMPLETED: c5t86d0-r6
05/09/01 14:13:32 FAILED: for details see:
/var/opt/SUNWvtsst/logs/09May2001_14:13:31_c5t86d0-r6.errlog
05/09/01 14:13:32 STARTED: glc2-sw1-i15-d16
05/09/01 14:13:32 NOTICE: Executing switch_dport [64 bit version]
05/09/01 14:13:34 COMPLETED: qlc2-sw1-i15-d16
05/09/01 14:13:34 FAILED: for details see:
/var/opt/SUNWvtsst/logs/09May2001_14:13:34_glc2-sw1-i15-d16.errlog
stexpert: Remove fiber cable from DPORT GBIC in port 16
stexpert: Type ok to continue or exit to quit: ok
stexpert: Insert a loopback cable in DPORT GBIC in port 16
stexpert: Type ok to continue or exit to quit: ok
Waiting for FC-AL loop to go online (5 min timeout)
05/09/01 14:14:22 STARTED: glc2-sw1-i15-d16
05/09/01 14:14:22 NOTICE: Executing switch_dport [64 bit version]
05/09/01 14:14:24 COMPLETED: glc2-sw1-i15-d16
05/09/01 14:14:24 FAILED: for details see:
/var/opt/SUNWvtsst/logs/09May2001_14:14:24_qlc2-sw1-i15-d16.errlog
stexpert: Remove the GBIC in port 16
stexpert: Insert a new GBIC in port 16
stexpert: Type ok to continue or exit to quit: ok
```

TABLE 14-1 describes the arguments associated with the stexpert test.

TABLE 14-1 stexpert Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
-a	Tests all target Fibre Channel devices connected to the host.
-A	Tests all Sun StorEdge Traffic Manager software (MPxIO multiplexing) paths to the device.
-d	Disables the debug messages to the stexpert.dbg file.
-e	The -e option specifies stress testing. Normal testing utilizes the critical Fibre Channel data patterns. Stress testing utilizes all Fibre Channel data patterns.
-I	Used in the command-line interface only. Enables user intervention during fault isolation. Setting this option will require the user to reconfigure the system (that is, you must connect and unconnect fiber cables, you must replace or restore components, and install or remove loopback cables) during the isolation process.
-m number	Test the <i>number</i> percent of the target devices media during disk tests. The number represents an integer number between 1 and 100 percent coverage. The default is 1 percent.
dev=RegisterName	The name of the device that is shown in discman(1M) output.
-u	Display this usage message.
-v	The -v option is the verbose flag.

StorTools Expert Output

All stexpert logs are maintained in the /var/opt/SUNWvtsst/logs/ directory.

StorTools Expert maintains two specific log file types: the ${\tt stexpert.log}$ and session logs.

The stexpert.log represents the history of stexpert over time. This file contains three specific types of messages, which are shown in TABLE 14-2.

TABLE 14-2 Message Types

Message Type	Meaning
STARTED	This messages record the beginning of an stexpert test scenario against a given FC-AL path.
FAILED	This messages indicate when stexpert programs failed and includes the location of a saved errlog file. The user should review these files to determine what caused the failure.
COMPLETED	This messages indicate completion of the stexpert test scenario.

Review the stexpert.log periodically, and remove it when it becomes too large and all FAILED errlogs have been reviewed.

The session logs are started by the specific stexpert module and are named with the suffix .session. The .session files indicate activity in progress by stexpert. If the specific stexpert program fails, the session log will be renamed using the nomenclature: <code>ddmmmyyyy.hh:mm:ss_xxx.errlog</code>, where:<code>ddmmmyyyy.hh:mm:ss</code> reflects the date and time the failure was detected, while the <code>xxx</code> is the pseudonym of the component being tested. This naming convention should make it easy to identify by date, time, and name, the component that failed.

Example entries from stexpert.log appear as follows:

```
# tail -f /var/opt/SUNWvtsst/logs/stexpert.log
05/09/01 14:11:36 STARTED: stexpert on /dev/rdsk/c5t86d0s2
05/09/01 14:11:36 FAILED: for details see:
/var/opt/SUNWvtsst/logs/09May2001 14:11:36 c5t86d0-r6.errlog
05/09/01 14:11:36 NOTICE: to perform additional fault isolation, enter
'/opt/SUNWvtsst/bin/sparcv9/stexpert -I -o dev=/dev/rdsk/c5t86d0s2'
05/09/01 14:11:39 FAILED: for details see:
/var/opt/SUNWvtsst/logs/09May2001_14:11:39_qlc2-sw1-i15-d16.errlog
05/09/01 14:11:39 NOTICE: to perform additional fault isolation, enter
'/opt/SUNWvtsst/bin/sparcv9/stexpert -I -o dev=/dev/rdsk/c5t86d0s2'
05/09/01 14:11:40 NOTICE: DISK is a suspect component
05/09/01 14:11:40 NOTICE: DPORT_GBIC is a suspect component
05/09/01 14:11:40 NOTICE: DPORT_FIBER is a suspect component
05/09/01 14:11:40 NOTICE: DEV_GBIC is a suspect component
05/09/01 14:11:40 NOTICE: SWITCH is a suspect component
05/09/01 14:11:40 COMPLETED: stexpert on /dev/rdsk/c5t86d0s2
```

You can also access the stexpert.log from the StorTools GUI by clicking the Logs button and choosing "expert log" from the list of logs available.

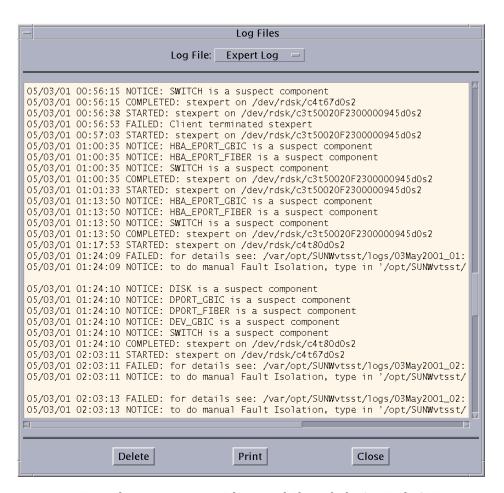


FIGURE 14-3 Example stexpert.log File Viewed Through the StorTools GUI

To display what the test finds as it runs, use the tail(1) command with the -f option on a session log.

Note — Be aware that whileyou are tailing an active session log, that session log could be terminated by stexpert at any time, with no indication given to the process tailing the session log.

```
# tail -f fc-sw0-dp15_qlc1.session
"switchtest: called with options: dev=fc-16p-sw0-dp15_qlc-1,passes=
200000,pattern=0xaa55aa55"
"switchtest: Started."
"Testing device fc-16p-sw0-dp15_qlc-1."
"Testing Device fc-16p-sw0-dp15_qlc-1 Port 15"
...
```

If the active session fails, the session log is moved into an errlog file for analysis later. The contents of an *mmmddyyyy.hh:mm:ss_component*.errlog file appear as follows:

```
# cat 27Apr2001_18:11:37_qlc1-sw1-i15-d16.errlog
04/27/01 18:11:36 STARTED: qlc1-sw1-i15-d16
04/27/01 18:11:36 NOTICE: Executing switch dport [64 bit version]
"switchtest: called with options: dev=qlc1-sw1-i15-d16,passes=
250, choicepattern=Critical"
"switchtest: Started."
04/27/01 18:11:36 san1srvr.Central.Sun.COM StorTools 4.2: VTSID 2
switchtest.INFO : "Start: switchtest"
"Testing device glc1-sw1-i15-d16."
"Testing Device: glc1-sw1-i15-d16 Port: 16 Pattern: 0x7e7e7e7e"
04/27/01 18:11:37 san1srvr.Central.Sun.COM StorTools 4.2: VTSID 6006
switchtest FATAL: "Switchtest failed with bad Pattern 0x7e7e7e7e on Device
qlc1-sw1-i15-d16 Port 16 Field fcFPortInvalidTxWords" Probable_Cause(s):
<Faulty hba/gbic/hub/switch/cable/disk> Recommended_Action(s): <See</pre>
/var/adm/messages for more information:> <Select StorEdge Expert Mode or run
stexpert from the cli to re-test the selected device to see if the problem
persists. StorEdge Expert will attempt to isolate the failing FRU.> < If the
problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.>
04/27/01 18:11:37 COMPLETED: qlc1-sw1-i15-d16
#
```

When you start the stexpert test StorTools GUI or manually from the CLI without specifying the -I (user intervention) argument, the output of a failed session is logged and the stexpert.log displays a list of the suspect FRUs it has not yet ruled out. The errlog files contain instructions for using stexpert from the CLI with the user intervention option selected. To resolve a single failing FRU, use stexpert as directed and respond to all prompts during the isolation process. The

output might prompt you to connect or unconnect fibre cables and components, replace or restore components, and insert and remove Fibre Channel loopback cables during the isolation process.

CODE EXAMPLE 14-2 stexpert Command Run With Intervention Option

```
# /opt/SUNWvtsst/bin/sparcv9/stexpert -I -o dev=c7t2000002037049882d0-r3
05/31/01 16:13:11 STARTED: stexpert on c7t2000002037049882d0-r3
05/31/01 16:13:11 STARTED: c7t2000002037049882d0-r3
05/31/01 16:13:11 NOTICE: Executing SCSI w/r buffer stress_test
05/31/01 16:13:11 NOTICE: Completed SCSI w/r buffer stress test
05/31/01 16:13:11 COMPLETED: c7t2000002037049882d0-r3
05/31/01 16:13:11 FAILED: for details see:
/var/opt/SUNWvtsst/logs/31May2001_16:13:11_c7t2000002037049882d0-r3.errlog
05/31/01 16:13:12 STARTED: qlc3-sw0-i15-d16
05/31/01 16:13:12 NOTICE: Executing switch_dport [64 bit version]
05/31/01 16:13:13 COMPLETED: glc3-sw0-i15-d16
05/31/01 16:13:13 FAILED: for details see:
/var/opt/SUNWvtsst/logs/31May2001 16:13:13 glc3-sw0-i15-d16.errlog
stexpert: Remove fiber cable from qlc3-sw0-i15-d16 GBIC in port 16
stexpert: Type ok to continue or exit to quit: ok
stexpert: Insert a loopback cable in glc3-sw0-i15-d16 GBIC in port 16
stexpert: Type ok to continue or exit to quit: ok
Waiting for FC-AL loop to go online (5 min timeout)
05/31/01 16:14:17 STARTED: qlc3-sw0-i15-d16
05/31/01 16:14:17 NOTICE: Executing switch dport [64 bit version]
05/31/01 16:14:19 COMPLETED: qlc3-sw0-i15-d16
05/31/01 16:14:19 FAILED: for details see:
/var/opt/SUNWvtsst/logs/31May2001 16:14:19 glc3-sw0-i15-d16.errlog
stexpert: Remove the GBIC in port 16
stexpert: Insert a new GBIC in port 16
stexpert: Type ok to continue or exit to quit: ok
stexpert: Insert a loopback cable in qlc3-sw0-i15-d16 GBIC in port 16
stexpert: Type ok to continue or exit to quit: ok
Waiting for FC-AL loop to go online (5 min timeout)
05/31/01 16:14:26 STARTED: qlc3-sw0-i15-d16
05/31/01 16:14:26 NOTICE: Executing switch_dport [64 bit version]
05/31/01 16:14:27 COMPLETED: qlc3-sw0-i15-d16
05/31/01 16:14:28 FAILED: for details see:
/var/opt/SUNWvtsst/logs/31May2001_16:14:27_qlc3-sw0-i15-d16.errlog
stexpert: Reinstall original qlc3-sw0-i15-d16 GBIC and cable in port 16
stexpert: Type ok to continue or exit to quit: exit
```

Sun Fire 880 FC-AL Disk SES Test (daksestest)

 ${\tt daksestest(1M)}$ tests the Sun Fire 880 FC-AL disk backplane. ${\tt daksestest}$ verifies the operation of the embedded SES controllers and the disk enclosure system of the Sun Fire 880 workgroup server.

No special hardware is required to run the daksestest test.

daksestest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.

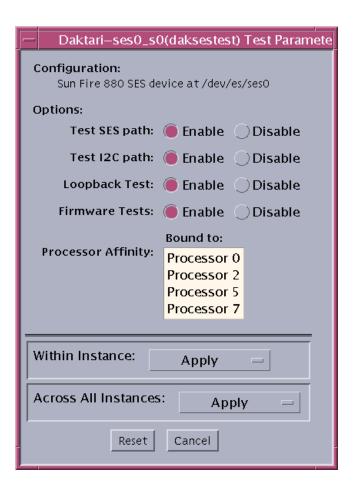


FIGURE 15-1 daksestest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

 TABLE 15-1
 daksestest Test Options

Option	Description
Test SES Path	The daksestest tests the device over the fiber channel interface.
Test I2C Path	The daksestest tests via the I2C interface.
Loopback Test	When enabled, the subtest will cause the SES device to loop a packet around the fiber bus with varying data patterns. The device reads the packet after the packet is received, and verifies that the data payload is correct.
Firmware Test	When enabled, this subtest runs the system friendly embedded firmware tests on the SES/SSC100 device.

daksestest Test Modes

 TABLE 15-2
 daksestest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	Yes	The test opens the device, extracts information about the device (firmware revision, drives installed, temperatures, etc) and displays the information for the user. Once the test is run, the device closes and the test exits.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	The test opens the device and runs the selected tests against the device. When fully run, the test closes and reports the results.

daksestest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvtsst/bin/daksestest standard_arguments -0 dev=[device-name],
test_ses_path=[Enable|Disable],test_i2c_path=[Enable|Disable],
lb=[Enable|Disable],fwtest=[Enable|Disable]

TABLE 15-3 daksestest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description device-name is the path name of the device being tested.	
dev=[device-name]		
test_ses_path= [Enable Disable]	Tests the device over the Fibre Channel interface.	
test_i2c_path= [Enable Disable]	Tests over the I2C interface.	
lb=[Enable Disable]	When enabled, the subtest will cause the SES device to loop a packet around the fiber bus with varying data patterns. The device reads the packet after the packet is received, and verifies that the data payload is correct.	
fwtest= When enabled, this subtest runs the system friendly [Enable Disable] firmware tests on the SES/SSC100 device.		

snaphot Utility

The chapter describes the snapshot(1M) utility, which saves a copy of the system configuration to a file every time you start the StorTools software.

This chapter is organized as follows:

- "Overview of the snapshot Utility" on page 119
- "Detecting Configuration Changes" on page 120
- "snapshot Output" on page 122

Overview of the snapshot Utility

The snapshot functions are accessed using the stortools GUI toolbar buttons SS Update and SS Diff.

Every time you start the StorTools software, the snapshot utility captures the system configuration information and saves it to the

/var/opt/SUNWvtsst/logs/snapshot.log file. It also compares the current configuration to the last saved snapshot file and saves that output to the /var/opt/SUNWvtsst/logs/snapshot.diff file. If the two files are different, a message is displayed indicating that a difference has been detected.

The message displayed in the StorTools SnapShot Differences Alert window contains the following text:

The configuration has changed! Please read /var/opt/SUNWvtsst/logs/config.txt before continuing

Note — The StorTools software displays only the configuration that is contained in the snapshot file. If the snapshot file is different from the actual system configuration, you will see only what is saved in the snapshot file. You will not see the changed hardware.

▼ To View the snapshot Message

- 1. In the stortools GUI, click on the SS Diffs button.
- 2. Choose Log File -> SnapShot Diffs.

The Log Files window is displayed (see FIGURE 16-1).

Detecting Configuration Changes

The snapshot utility can detect configuration changes which occur due to faulty components or system configuration changes by running from the snapshot file. When stortools is started and differences are detected, the configuration in the last snapshot is used and the user is told to view the SnapShot.diff file for the changes.

To include new configuration changes into stortools you must update the Snapshot by pressing the "SS Update" button.

Note – Do not update the snapshot unless you are sure the differences are what you expected. If you do update the snapshot when there are unexpected differences, stortools might not be able to help diagnose hardware that can no longer communicate with the system.

The StorTools Log Files window in shown in FIGURE 16-1.

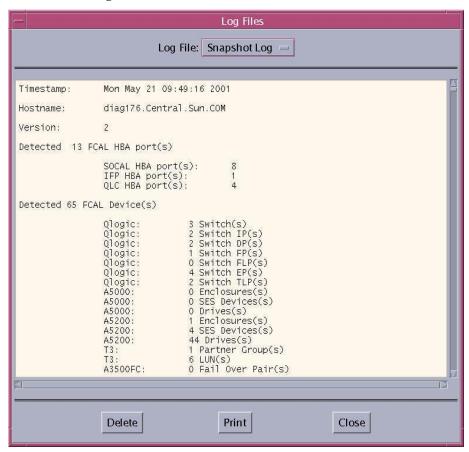


FIGURE 16-1 StorTools Snapshot Log Files Window

The StorTools Snapshot Diffs window shown in FIGURE 16-2.

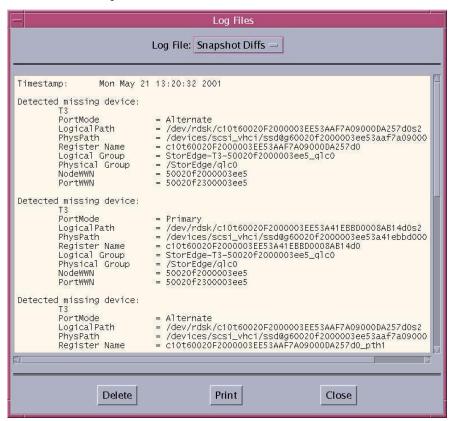


FIGURE 16-2 StorTools Snapshot Diffs Window

snapshot Output

The snapshot output is a text-based capture of a non-fabric FC-AL topology from a Solaris host. It is the output of the discman -c command and is saved in /var/opt/SUNWvtsst/logs/snapshot.log. You can use the discman -v command at any time to compare the current system topology against the one captured invoking discman -c. The output of the discman -v command is saved in /var/opt/SUNWvtsst/logs/snapshot.diffs.

The snapshot logfile comprises three sections:

- Header
- Summary

Topology

The following example header information contains a timestamp and the name of the host under inspection:

```
Timestamp: Mon May 21 13:18:08 2001
Hostname: diag176.Central.Sun.COM
Version: 2
```

The following example summary contains a count of all FC-AL HBA(s) and device(s):

```
Detected 13 FCAL HBA port(s)

SOCAL HBA port(s): 8
IFP HBA port(s): 0
QLC HBA port(s): 4

Detected 20 FCAL Device(s)

Qlogic: 2 Switch(s)
Qlogic: 1 Switch IP(s)
Qlogic: 1 Switch DP(s)
Qlogic: 0 Switch FP(s)
Qlogic: 1 Switch FLP(s)
Qlogic: 4 Switch EP(s)
Qlogic: 2 Switch TLP(s)
Qlogic: 2 Switch TLP(s)
SOUC: 1 Enclosures(s)
A5000: 1 Enclosures(s)
A5200: 0 Enclosures(s)
A5200: 0 Enclosures(s)
A5200: 0 Drives(s)
T3: 1 Partner Group(s)
T3: 1 Partner Group(s)
T3: 2 LUN(s)
A3500FC: 0 Fail Over Pair(s)
A3500FC: 0 LUN(s)
Internal: 2 FC Disk Drive(s)
FC Tape: 0 FC Tape Drive(s)
```

The following example of topology describes each node of the current topology under inspection. This is broken down into two basic structure types (HBA structures and Device structures). Each Device structure is displayed after the HBA that hosts that specific FC-AL. A typical HBA output is shown below:

A typical switch device output is as follows:

```
Device # 3:
       LogicalPath:
       PhysPath:
       HBA node path:
       RegisterName:
                            qlc0-sw1-fl1
       LGroup:
                            StorEdge-16P-Switches(qlc0)
       PGroup:
                            /StorEdge/qlc0
       NodeWWN:
       PortWWN:
                            210000e08b800000
       wNODEWWN:
       DualPort:
       Path State:
                            MDI_PATHINFO_STATE_INIT
       Instance:
       VendorID:
                            Qlogic
       ProductID:
                            Switch-16
       BoxName:
       Box ID:
                            0
       Revision:
       FirmwareRev:
       SerialNo:
       Capacity:
       DeviceID:
                            3
       DriverName:
                            0x00000000
       Status:
                            1
       sw_PortNum:
                            FL_Port
       sw_PortType:
       sw_PortState:
                            online
       sw DevCount:
       sw_DevAlpas:
       sw_ipAddr:
                            172.20.32.58
       sw_ipAddr_remote:
                            172.20.32.58
       sw_remote_fcaddr:
                            0x0
       sw_ipName:
                            san1sw2
       sw_WWN:
                            100000c0dd008869
       sw_Flash:
                            30449
       sw_PromHW:
                            e06
       sw_PromSW:
                            40500
       sw_Flash:
                            30449
       sw_FabricID:
                            01
       sw_ModAddr:
                            100000
                            125040e
       sw_HWVer:
       sw_MAC:
                            00c0dd008868
       sw_MaxPorts:
                            16
       next device:
                          4
```

A typical disk device output is as follows:

```
Device # 18:
       LogicalPath:
                       /dev/rdsk/c3t50020F2300000945d1s2
       PhysPath:
           /devices/pci@e,2000/pci@2/SUNW,qlc@4/fp@0,0/ \
            ssd@w50020f2300000945,1:c,raw
       HBA node path:
            /devices/pci@e,2000/pci@2/SUNW,glc@4/fp@0,0/ \
            ssd@w50020f2300000945,1:c,raw
       RegisterName:
                           c3t50020F2300000945d1
       LGroup:
                           StorEdge-T3-50020f2000000945_glc0
                           /StorEdge/qlc0/qlc0-sw1-fl1/qlc0- \
       PGroup:
               sw1-f11-e3/q1c0-sw1-f11-e3-sw0-e4/q1c0-sw1-f11 
               -e3-sw0-e4-tl1
       NodeWWN:
                           50020f2000000945
       PortWWN:
                           50020f2300000945
       wNODEWWN:
                           0000000000000000
       DualPort:
                           Yes
       PortMode:
                           Primary
       Path State:
                           MDI_PATHINFO_STATE_ONLINE
       Instance:
       VendorID:
                           SUN
       ProductID:
                           T300
       BoxName:
       Box ID:
                           0
       Revision:
                          0117
       FirmwareRev:
                          0000
       SerialNo:
                           237320
       Capacity:
                          33.34GB
       DeviceID:
                           18
       DriverName:
                           fp
       Status:
                           0 \times 000000000
       sf_al_pa:
       sf_hard_addr:
       sf_inq_dtype:
                           Ω
       DeviceType:
                           20
       Parent:
       Parent type:
                          DEVICE
       next device:
                           19
```

The following is a description of each of the field types:

LogicalPath Logical Path of the node. PhysPath Physical Path of the node. RegisterName Unique (textual) identifier for this node. SUNWvtsst Logical Group name. Lgroup Pgroup SUNWvtsst Physical Group name. NodeWWN Node WWN as determined by collection process. PortWWN Port WWN as determined by the collection process. DualPort Dual Port mode. Primary or Alternate. PortMode Instance Driver instance of this node. VendorID Name of hardware provider for this node. ProductID Textual description of the hardware that \ comprises this node. BoxName A500x Box/Enclosure name. Revision of hardware comprising this node. Revision Revision of firmware comprising this node. FirmwareRev SerialNo Serial number of hardware comprising this node. Unique index value of this node. DeviceID DriverName Driver which supports this node. Status Read/Write scratch area for tracking test status \ for this node. sf_al_pa Arbitrated loop physical address. sf_inq_dtype Device Type.

The following fields are specific to switch-type devices only. Each field relates to only one port on the switch:

```
sw_PortNum Port Number of this node's port.
sw_PortType Fabric mode that this node is configured for.
sw_PortState Describes online/offline state of this port.
sw_DevCount Count of devices on this port's FC-AL loop.
sw_DevAlpas Array of index values which are on this port's loop.
{\tt sw\_ipAddr} \qquad {\tt Internet\ Protocol\ address\ for\ this\ device.}
sw_ipName
               Internet Protocol name for this device.
sw_WWN
               WWN of the HBA to which this device associates.
sw_WWN of the HBA to which this device associated sw_Flash Flash ROM version of this device.
sw_PromHW Switch PROM hardware version.
sw_PromSW Switch PROM software version.
sw_Flash Current version of Flash RAM software that \
                       is loaded.
sw_HWVer Switch hardware version.
sw_MAC MAC (ethernet) address of switch.
sw_MaxPorts Number of ports on this switch.
DeviceType vfd device type.
Parent
               vfd Index of this node's parent node.
```

Changes from Previous Releases

This chapter provides a brief comparison of the functional differences between versions 3.x and 4.2 of the StorTools software.

Version 3.0 of the StorTools software is the network storage tool for FC-AL diagnostics, monitoring, configuration and revision checking. Version 4.2 includes the added functionality of being responsible for diagnostics and configuration checking. Version 4.2 depends on Network Storage Agent 2.1 for monitoring and PatchPro for revision checking.

Note – PatchPro *cannot* currently check firmware revisions, so the StorTools 4.2 revision checking feature has been exported to the Network Storage Agent.

The principle features provided in StorTools 4.2 that were not available under StorTools 3.x are:

- Configuration checking using the discman and snapshot utilities.
- Revision checking using Sun StorEdge PatchPro and Network Storage Agent.
- Diagnostic and FRU isolation using Sun StorEdge StorTools 4.2 utilities and stexpert.
- Online monitoring using Network Storage Agent.
- The dpmtest(1M) and daktest(1M) have been added.

Network Storage Agent

The Network Storage Agent is a remote monitoring agent that collects and resports information about Sun's storage products. The types of information collected includes:

- Device Configuration
- Device Statistics
- Device state and availability
- System configuration

Network Storage Agent Log Monitoring

The Network Storage Agent can monitor messages files for errors and can connect directly to Sun StorEdge T3 arrays and Sun StorEdge Fibre Channel switches to get status and configuration information.

For more detailed information about the Network Storage Agent's log monitoring capabilities, refer to the *Network Storage Agent User's Guide*.

Accessing Sun StorEdge PatchPro

You can use Sun StorEdge PatchPro to access the latest patches for your version of the Solaris operating environment. PatchPro is available at the following web site:

http://sunsolve.Sun.COM

Note – You must have a Bronze, Silver, Gold, or Platinum service agreement with Sun Microsystems in order to obtain patches from SunSolve.

Glossary

- **DMA** direct memory access. The transfer of data directly into memory without supervision of the processor. The data is passed on the bus directly between the memory and another device.
- **expert system** Expert knowledge is a combination of a theoretical understanding of the problem and a collection of heuristic problem-solving rules that experience has shown to be effective in the domain. Expert systems are constructed by obtaining this knowledge from a human expert and coding it into a form that a computer can apply to similar problems.
- **Fibre Channel** A cost-effective gigabit communications link deployed across a wide range of hardware.
 - **FC-AL** Fibre Channel-Arbitrated Loop. FC-AL is implemented as either a loop or a fabric. A loop can contain up to 126 nodes, accessible through only one or two servers.
 - **FRU** field-replaceable unit. An assembly that a manufacturer replaces on failure of an assembly component.
 - **GBIC** Gigabit Interface Converter. A hot-swapable input/output device that plugs into a Gigabit Ethernet port or Fibre Channel.
 - **HBA** host bus adapter. A controller board connecting the I/O expansion bus to the fibre channel subsystem.
 - **LUN** Logical Unit Number. The major and minor device numbers make up the logical unit numbering sequence for a particular device connected to the computer.
 - PCI peripheral component interconnect. This is a high-performance 32-bit or 64-bit local bus that provides a host processor independent interface and an interconnect mechanism between highly integrated peripheral components.
 - **SCSI** Small Computer Systems Interface. An industry standard for connecting disk and tape devices to a workstation.

- SES SCSI Enclosure Services driver. An interface to SCSI enclosure services devices. These devices sense and monitor the physical conditions within an enclosure, as well as allow access to the status reporting and configuration features of the enclosure (such as indicator LEDs on the enclosure).
- SunVTS Sun's comprehensive diagnostic package that tests and validates Sun hardware by verifying the connectivity and functionality of most hardware controllers, devices, and platforms. The SunVTS test suite is not supported on X86 platforms. SunVTS supports testing in both 32-bit and 64-bit Solaris operating environments. It automatically determines whether the platform is 32-bit or 64-bit and initiates the appropriate tests.

Index

a3500fctest command, 65 command-line syntax, 70 options, 65 subtests, 69 test modes, 70 a5ksestest command, 39 command-line syntax, 45 options, 44 test modes, 44 a5ktest command, 47 command-line syntax, 52 subtests, 50 test modes, 51 accessing documentation online, xx Apply to All button, 9	configuring Fibre Channel switches, 15		
	D daksestest, Sun Fire 880 FC-AL Disk SES options, 115 daksestest, Sun Fire 880 FC-Al DIsk SES test modes, 117 daksestest, Sun Fire 880 FC-AL DIsk SES test command line syntax, 118 daksestest, Sun Fire 880 FC-AL Disk SES test, 115 daktest command, 73 command-line syntax, 78 subtests, 77 test modes, 78		
		B buttons Apply to All, 9 Cancel, 9 Reset, 9	documentation how book is organized, xv shell prompts, xviii typographic conventions, xviii using UNIX commands, xvii
		C Cancel button, 9 command line execution, 9 comments	E executing StorTools tests, 7 Expert test mode, 6
sending documentation comments, xx			

F	P
fcdisktest command, 81	PatchPro, 130
command-line syntax, 86	path requirements, 18
subtests, 85	PCI FC-100 test
test modes, 86	ifptest, 19
fctapetest command command-line syntax, 93 test modes, 93	
Fibre Channel switches	Q
setting up, 15	qlctest command, 31
Functional test mode, 6	subtests, 32
	qlctest, Sun StorEdge PCI Dual Fibre Channe Host Adapter options, 33
I	options, 55
ifptest command	
four subtests, 19	_
options, 20	R
syntax, 23	requirements
test modes, 22	path, 18
ifptest, PCI FC_AL card test options, 20	Reset button, 9
Installation directory, 2	
	S
	sample installation, 13
L	sending documentation comments, xx
location of test, 5	snapshot, 119
	socaltest command, 25
	options, 25
M	syntax, 29
	test modes, 28
messages Sun StorEdge T3 Disk Tray, 60	socaltest, Sun StorEdge SBus FC-100 Host
monitoring Sun StorEdge T3 Disk Tray	Adapter board test
messages, 60	options, 26
messages, ou	standard
	command-line arguments, 10
	usage, 10
N	standard command-line arguments, 10
Network Storage Agent, 130	standard_arguments, 10
	starting StorTools, 15
	stexpert command, 101 command-line syntax, 102
0	output, 108
ordering Sun documentation, xx	storage devices
	physical view window, 17
	StorTools

```
accessing tests, 7
   checking the install, 14
   differences from SunVTS, 17
   installing and configuring, 13
   related documentation, xix
   starting, 15
   user interfaces, 7
Sun Fire 880 FC-AL DIsk SES test,
   daksestest, 115
Sun Network Storage Agent, 1
Sun StorEdge Expert, 101
   activity log, 110
Sun StorEdge SBus FC-100 host adapter card test,
   socaltest, 25
Sun StorEdge T3 Disk Tray messages,
   monitoring, 60
switchtest command, 95
   command-line syntax, 100
   options, 95
   test modes, 99
Т
t3test command, 55
   command-line syntax, 63
   options, 55
   subtests, 59
   test modes. 63
test modes. 6
Test Parameter Options dialog box, 7
   32-and 64-bit support, 5
   32-bit and 64-bit tests, 5
   64-bit and 32-bit, 5
   overall description of, 5
   requirements, 4
tests, default location, 2
test-specific arguments, 11
   format, 11
Test-specific menu, 7
test-specific options, 9
```